## **GURU KASHI UNIVERSITY**

## **B.Voc in Operations Theatre**



## **Department of Paramedical Sciences**

Session: 2024-25

#### Graduate Attributes:

The programme B.Sc. OT&AT imparts o the students an intensive knowledge to perform routine surgical procedures within acceptable quality control in Anesthesia, surgical equipment, and sterilization under the supervision of a surgeon so that they can maximize their potential by utilizing their abilities and academia excellence to contribute to society in a meaning full way.

**Programme Learning Outcomes:** After completion of this course graduates will be able to:

- Perform routine anesthetic procedures within acceptable quality control in the operation theatre.
- Function ethically and professionally without bias against any ethnicity, race, religion, caste, or gender with high credibility, integrity, and social concern.
- Handle, operate, and maintain surgical equipment utilizing appropriate quality control and safety procedures.
- Apply problem-solving techniques in the identification and correction of pre-operative &post-operative complications.
- Formulate technical skills, social behavior, and professional awareness to function effectively as an operation theatre technician.
- Maximize their potential by utilizing their abilities, academic excellence, and justifiable confidence.

B.Voc. OT

## **Programme Structure**

	Program Structure Semester-1 <sup>st</sup>							
S. No	Course Code	Course Title	Type of course	L	т	Р	Credits	
1	BVT101	General Anatomy- I	Core course	3	0	0	3	
2	BVT102	General Physiology- I	Core course	3	0	0	3	
3	BVT103	General Biochemistry	Core course	3	0	0	3	
4	BVT104	General Anatomy – I Practical	Technical skills	0	0	4	2	
5	BVT105	General Physiolo gy -I Practical	Technical skills	0	0	4	2	
6	BVT106	General Biochemistry – Practical	Technical skills	0	0	4	2	
7	BVT107	Project-I	Technical Skills	0	0	4	2	
8	BVT108	Human Rights and Duties	Multidisciplinary	2	0	0	2	
9	BVT109	Communication and soft skills	Compulsory Foundation	2	0	0	2	
		Disciplinary Elective	I (Any one of the follow	ving)				
10	BVT110	Introduction to Quality & Patient Safety	Disciplinary Elective-I	3	0	0	3	
11	BVT111	Bio-Medical Wastage Management		5				
		TOTAL		16		16	24	

		Semeste	r: II				
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	т	Р	No. Of Credits
1	BVT201	General Anatomy- II	Core	3	0	0	3
2	BVT202	General Physiology- II	Core	3	0	0	3
3	BVT203	Psychology	Core	3	0	0	3
4	BVT204	General Anatomy -II Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BVT205	General Physiology- II Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
6	BVT206	Introduction to Health Care/First Aid- Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
7	BVT207	Project II	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
8	BVT299	XXXX	MOOC	0	0	0	2
	BVT208	Environmental Studies	Compulsory Foundation	2	0	0	2
	Disc	iplinary Elective II (Any	one of the foll	owin	lg)		
9 10	BVT209 BVT210	Health Education Social Pharmacy	Disciplinary Elective-II	3	0	0	3
		Total		14	0	16	24

		Semes	ter: III				
Sr. No	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	P	No. Of Credits
1	BVT301	Applied Anatomy & Physiology Related to Anesthesia Technology	Core	3	0	0	3
2	BVT302	Basic Principles of Hospital Management	Core	3	0	0	3
3	BVT303	Pharmacology	Core	3	0	0	3
4	BVT304	Applied Anatomy & Physiology Related to Anesthesia Technology – Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BVT305	Pharmacology – Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
6	BVT306	General Pathology Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
7	BVT07	Project III	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
8	BVT308	Electronics and Technology in Surgery and Anesthesia	Elective Foundation	2	0	0	2
9	BVT399	XXXX	MOOC	0	0	0	2

Disciplinary Elective III (Any one of the following)

10	BVT309	Medical Ethics &		3	0	0	3
		Legal Aspects	Disciplinary				
11	BVT310	Medical Diseases	Elective-III				
		Influencing the Choice of					
	Open Elec	Anesthesia tive Courses (for ot	her Departm	ent)			
12	BVT311	Medical Terminology	Open Elective				
		&					
		Medical Records		2	0	0	2
13	BVT312	Human Rights & Profession Values					
		Total		16	0	16	26

	Semester: IV						
Sr. No	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	Р	No. Of Credit s
1	BVT401	Introduction of Operation Theatre Technology	Core	3	0	0	3
2	BVT402	Applied Pharmacology Related to Anesthesia Technology	Core	3	0	0	3
3	BVT403	Health Care Management	Core course	3	0	0	3
4	BVT404	Introduction of Operation Theatre Technology – Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BVT405	Applied Pharmacology Related to Anesthesia Technology – Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
6	BVT406	Health Care Management – Practical	Compulsor y Foundatio n	3	0	0	3
7	BVT407	Innovation, creativity, and Entrepreneurial Mindset	Entreprene urship skills	2	0	0	2
8	BVT408	Human psychology	Multidiscip linary	2	0	0	2
	Disciplina	ary Elective IV (Aı	ny one of th	e fo	11ou	ving	)
9	BVT409	Professionalism & Values		2			
10	BVT410	Basic Procedures and Techniques	y Elective- IV	3	0	0	3
		Total		21		8	23

		Semest	er: V				
Sr. No •	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	Р	No. Of Credits
1	BVT501	Concepts of Diseases and Techniques in Anesthesia	Core course	4	0	0	4
2	BVT502	Hospital Products, Promotion, Sales & Public Relations	Core course	4	0	0	4
3	BVT503	Trauma & Cardiac Life Support	Core course	4	0	0	4
4	BVT504	Concepts of Diseases &Techniques in Anesthesia – Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
5	BVT505	Hospital Products, Promotion, Sales & Public Relations- Practical	Skill Based	Ο	0	4	2
6	BVT506	Trauma & Cardiac Life Support– Practical	Skill Based	0	0	4	2
7	BVT507	Project-V	Skill Based	0	0	2	1
8	BVT599	XXXX	моос	0	0	0	2
9	BVT508	Research Methodology	AEC	2	0	0	2
	Disc	iplinary Elective V (Ar	ny one of the f	<u>collo</u> v	wing	5)	
10	BVT509	Hematology & Blood Bank	Disciplinary Elective-VII	3	0	0	3
11	BVT5110	Health Care					
			Total	17	Ο	14	26

	Semester: VI								
Sr. No.	Course Code	Course Name	Type of course	L	Т	Р	No. Of Credits		
1	BVT601	Anesthesia for Specialties – I	core	4	0	0	4		
2	BVT602	Anesthesia for Specialties – II	core	4	0	0	4		
3	BVT603	Research Methodology &Biostatistics	core	4	0	0	4		
4	BVT604	Anesthesia for Specialties - Practical– I	Skill Based	0	0	4	2		
5	BVT605	Anesthesia for Specialties - Practical– II	Skill Based	0	0	4	2		
6	BVT606	Clinical Posting (Orientation)	Skill Based	0	0	4	2		
7	BVT607	Project-VI	Skill Based	0	0	4	2		
8	BVT608	Training/Interns hip (2 months)	Skill Based	0	0	0	6		
		Total		12	0	16	26		

## **Evaluation Criteria for Theory Courses**

A. Continuous Assessment: [25Marks]

CA1- Surprise Test (Two best out of three) (10 Marks) CA2- Assignment(s) (10 Marks) CA3-Termpaper/Quiz/Presentation(05Marks)

- B. Attendance(05Marks)
- C. Mid-Semester Test:(30Marks)
- D. End-Semester Exam:(40Marks)

## Semester: 1<sup>st</sup>

## Course Title: General Anatomy Course Code: BVT-101

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

## Total Hours:45

**Learning Outcomes:** After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Learn about the various muscles, organs, bones, joints, tendons, ligaments, blood vessels and cells.
- 2. Identify cell organelles, blood components, function, skeletal system, circulatory system, lymphatic system, and structure.
- 3. Recognize the properties of nerve fiber, anatomy of neuralgia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, and demonstration of reflexes.
- 4. Enlist the malfunctioning of the organs and diagnose the disorders.

## **Course Contents**

# UNIT- I Fundamentals of Human Anatomy and physiology 07 Hours

Terminology and General Plan of the Body Body Parts and Areas Terms of Location and Position Body Cavities and Their Membranes Dorsal Cavity Ventral Cavity Planes and Sections

## UNIT-II Cellular Structure, Tissue Types, and the Integumentary System

**13 Hours** 

Cells: Structure, Function, and Location Prokaryotic and Eukaryotic Cells Cell Organelles Cell Division Tissue: Definition, Structure, and Types Membranes and Glandular Tissue The Integumentary System: Structure and Classification

## UNIT-musculoskeletal Anatomy and Functional Anatomy of Extremities 10 Hours

Connective Tissue Classification

B.Voc. OT

Bones Joints Muscles Upper Extremity Lower Extremity **Trunk and Pelvis** 

## UNIT-IV Cardiovascular Anatomy and Physiology 15 Hours

Types and General Structure of Blood Vessels Structure and Types of Arteries and Veins Structure of Capillaries Heart Anatomy Conducting System and Blood Supply of the Heart

Systemic Arteries and

## **Suggested Readings:**

- Aashaadha, P.R., & Deepak, G. (2012). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for nurses. JP Medical Ltd.
- Caucasia, B. D. (2004). Human anatomy (p. 53). CBS Publisher Listens, J. J. (1987). The Anatomy Workbook. Radiology, 164(1), 78-78. Sciences.
- Waugh, A., & Grant, A. (2014). Ross & Wilson Anatomy and physiology in health and illness. Elsevier Health
- Netter, F.H. (2014). Atlas Human Anatomy, Professional Edition. Elsevier Health Sciences.

## Course Name: General Physiology Course Code: BVT102

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

**Total Hours: 45** 

**Course Learning Outcomes:** On successful completion of this course the students will be able to

- 1. Acquire the knowledge of the relative contribution of each organ system in maintenance of the Milieu Interior (Homeostasis)
- 2. Compare & contrast Functions of lipids, carbohydrates, proteins & cell organelles.
- 3. Classify Physiological functions of various systems, with special reference to Musculoskeletal, Neuro-motor, Cardio-respiratory, Endocrine, Ugo- genital function, & alterations in function with aging
- 4. Conclude Properties of nerve fibers, function of neuroglia, synapse, CNS, CSF, brain, cranial nerves, demonstration of reflexes.

## **Course Contents**

## UNIT-I: Cell Physiology and Body Organization

05 Hours

Cell Physiology Organization of the Body Integumentary System

#### UNIT-II Muscular-Skeletal System and Neuromuscular Junction 10 Hours

Muscular-Skeletal System Hormones Involved in Bone Growth Neuromuscular Junction Myasthenia Gravis Rigor Mortis

## UNIT-II Hematology and Lymphatic System 15Hours

Blood Cellular Components and Their Functions Blood Groups and Coagulation Lymphatic System Immunity and the Role of the Thymus

## UNIT-IV Cardiovascular System General Arrangement of the Cardiovascular System $15 \mathrm{Hours}$

Heart Structure and Function blood pressure Mechanism of Circulation Definition of Hypertension

#### Transactional modes

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

## Suggested Readings:

- Aashaadha, P. R., &deep, G. (2012). Textbook of Anatomy & Physiology for Nurses. JP Medical Ltd.
- Guyton, A. C., & Hall, J.E. (2006). Medical physiology. Goshen N, Çavuşoğlu H(Çeviren),3.
- Waugh, A., & Grant, A. (2014). Ross & Wilson Anatomy and physiology in health and illness. Elsevier Health Sciences.
- Sembulingam, K., &Sembulingam, P. (2012). Essentials of medical physiology. JP Medical Ltd.

## Course Title: General Biochemistry Code: BVT103

L	Т	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

**Total Hours: 45** 

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Understanding Molecular Structures
- 2. Metabolic Pathways
- 3. Enzyme Function and Kinetics:
- 4. Application of Biochemical Techniques:

### **Course Contents**

## UNIT-I Cell Biology and Hormonal Mechanisms 15Hours

Introduction to Cells Cell Organelles and Their Functions Transport Mechanisms Introduction to Hormones Mechanisms of Hormone Action

## **UNIT-II Biochemical Constituents and Metabolism**

**07Hours** 

Carbohydrates Proteins Lipids

## UNIT-III Enzymes, Vitamins, Minerals, and Free Radicals in Health

**08Hours** 

Enzymes Vitamins Minerals Proteins

### UNIT-IV Unit 4: Acid-Base Balance and pH Regulation 15Hours

Acids and Bases Henderson-Hassel balch Equation Buffers PH Measurement

#### Transactional modes

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### Suggested Readings:

• Bo jar, R. of perioperative cardiac surgery. John Wiley & Sons.

M. (2020). Manual care in adult

- Easley, M. E., & Wiesel, S. W. (Eds.). (2011). Operative techniques in foot and ankle surgery. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Ramjets. (2010). Manual of Pediatric Emergencies & Critical Care.Paras.
- Spuntarelli, V., Luciani, M., Bentivegna, E., Marini, V., Flavanone, F., Conforti, G., &Tartelette, P. (2020). COVID-19: is it just a lung disease? A case-based review. SN Comprehensive Clinical Medicine

### Course Title: General Anatomy(Practical) Course Code: BVT104

#### **TotalHours:30**

## Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Acquire the demonstration of basic anatomical terminology, anatomical position, anatomical planes, and levels of organization in the body, organ systems, skeleton, and cavities of the body.
- Evaluate Features of lymph vessels, lymphatic tissue & organs, lymphatic's, spleen, tonsil, thymus

- 3. Study Central nervous system, brain, cerebellum, spinal cord, cranial nerves, and autonomic nervous system.
- 4. Differentiate skeletal muscle, cardiac muscle, smooth muscle.
- 5. Discuss Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas.

### Course

## **Contents List of**

### experiments/Practical's

- 1. Basic Anatomical Terminology, Anatomical Position, Anatomical Planes, Levels of Organization in the Body, Organ Systems, Skeleton, Cavities of the Body.
- 2. Lymphatic System Features of lymph vessels, lymphatic tissue & organs, lymphatic's, spleen, tonsil, and thymus.
- 3. Nervous System Central nervous system, brain, cerebellum, spinal cord, cranial nerves, autonomic nervous system.
- 4. Muscular System- skeletal muscle, cardiac muscle, smooth muscle, muscles of the body.
- 5. Skeletal System Features of bones, axial skeleton, and appendicular skeleton.
- Musculoskeletal System Joints of upper & lower limbs. Respiratory System - Nose &paranasal sinuses, pharynx, larynx, trachea, lungs. Cardiovascular System - Heart & blood vessels.
- 7. Digestive System Oral cavity, pharynx, salivary glands, esophagus, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, liver, gallbladder, pancreas.
- 8. Urinary System-Kidneys, juxtaglomerular apparatus, Ureter, urinary bladder, urethra.
- 9. introduction to Genetics Features of chromosomes, DNA Reproductive System in Females - External & internal genital organs, breast
- 10. Reproductive System In Males Penis, scrotum, testes, prostate gland.
- 11. Endocrine System -Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroid gland, parathyroid glands, adrenal glands, endocrine pancreas.

## **Transactional modes**

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching,

### Group study. ppt

### **Suggested Readings:**

- Agar, A.M., & Daley, A.F. (2009). Grant's satlasofanatomy. Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Charisa, B. D. (2004). Human anatomy (p. 53). CBS Publisher.
- Peat, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses ate Glance. John Wiley & Sons

## Course Title: General Physiology(Practical) Course Code: BVT105

## **Total Hours: 30**

## Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Apply Basic Practical skills in blood testing, Microscope, hemolytic meter, and RBC count
- 2. Study the functions of important physiological systems including the cardio-respiratory, renal, reproductive, and metabolic systems.
- 3. Expansion knowledge of Clinical examination of the respiratory system and digestive system.
- 4. Measure blood pressure and pulse rate

#### **Course Contents**

## List of experiments

- 1. Blood test
- 2. Microscope
- 3. Haemocytometer
- 4. Blood RBC count
- 5. Hb
- 6. WB Count Differential Count
- 7. Hematocrit demonstration
- 8. ESR
- 9. Blood group & Rh. Type
- 10. Bleeding time and clotting time.
- 11. Digestion Test salivary digestion Excretion
- 12. Examination of Urine Specific Gravity Albumin

Sugar, Microscopic examination for cells and cysts

13. Respiratory System Clinical examination of respiratory system Spirometry Breath-holding test

14. Cardio Vascular System: Measurement of blood pressure and pulse rate Effect of exercise on blood pressure and pulse rate

### Transactional model

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case-based teaching, Question, ppt

## Suggested Readings:

- Peat, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses at a Glance. John Wiley & Sons.
- Pal, G. K. (2006). Textbook of Practical Physiology-2Nd Eden. Orient Black swan.

## Course Name: General Biochemistry-Practical(Practical)

## **Course Code: BVT106**

## Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Complete steps in the operation of autoclave, its maintenance protocol
- 2. Maintain Documents to be maintained in CSSD
- 3. Implement Various physical, and chemical methods of sterilization
- 4. Measure Cleaning and sterilization of OT

## **Course Contents**

## List of experiments/Practical's

- 1. Basic Biochemical Techniques
- 2. Introduction to spectrophotometry, chromatography (TLC and paper chromatography), and electrophoresis. Familiarization with special instruments used for various sub-specialties
- 3. Carbohydrate Analysis
- 4. Qualitative and quantitative tests for carbohydrates, including Benedict's test, Brafords' test, and Fehling's test. Protein and Enzyme Studies
- 5. Protein quantification methods (Bradford assay), enzyme activity assays, and electrophoresis of proteins. maintenance protocol

6. Extraction and analysis of lipids using solvent extraction methods, and the determination of lipid types (saponification and iodine number).

## Course Title: Project –I Course Code: BVT107

### UNIT-I Study of Sterilization Techniques in the Operation Theatre

#### **15Hours**

**Description:** Investigate various sterilization methods used in operation theatres, such as autoclaving, chemical sterilization, and gas sterilization. Evaluate their effectiveness, procedures, and safety measures.

**Objective:** Understand the principles and practices of sterilization to ensure sterile environment for surgical procedures.

## UNIT-II Assessment of Infection Control Measures in the Operation Theatre

**Description:** Examine **infection** control protocols, include in Gandhi gene, use of personal protective equipment (PPE), and disinfection procedures. Conduct a survey of current practices and identify areas for improvement.

**Objective:** Improve infection control measures to enhance patient safety and minimize the risk of postoperative infections.

## UNIT-III Evaluation of Surgical Instrument Handling and Maintenance

**Description:** Study the handling, maintenance, and cleaning procedures for surgical instruments. Develop a checklist or protocol for proper care and management of these tools. **Objective:** Ensure the effective and safe use of surgical instruments by maintaining their quality and functionality.

## 1. UNIT-Iv Analysis of Operation Theatre Layout and Workflow Efficiency

**Description:** Review the layout and work flow within an operation theatre. Assess how the **physical** arrangement impacts efficiency and safety, and propose improvements.

**Objective:** Environment and patient care.

#### Transactional model

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question,

L	Т	Ρ	Cr
2	0	0	2

## Suggested Readings:

- Schrie fir, **J.**, & Leonard, M. S. (2012). Patient safety and quality
- *improvement: an overview of QI. Pediatrics in review,*
- Yamin, T.(2013).Chemical & Biological Weapons: Positions, Prospects and Trends. Policy Perspectives,
- Data, P., Mohi, G.,&Chander, J.(2018).Biomedical waste management in
- India: Critical appraisal. Journal of laboratory physicians,

### Course Title- Communication and Soft Skills Course Code: BVT108

## **Total Hours 30**

**Course Learning Outcomes**: On completion of this course, the successful students will be able to:

- 1. Developing presentation skills involves organizing content, using visual aids effectively, maintaining audience engagement, and delivering information confidently and persuasively.
- 2. Critical thinking involves analyzing information, evaluating arguments, and presenting logical and well-supported ideas.
- 3. Speak fluently and clearly is crucial for effective communication. This includes
- 4. using appropriate vocabulary, grammar, pronunciation, and intonation to convey messages accurately.
- 5. Involve paying attention, asking clarifying questions, and demonstrating understanding through appropriate responses.

#### UNIT-I 10 Hours

Basics of Grammar- Part I Vocabulary, Synonyms, Antonyms, Prefix and Suffix,

Homonyms, Analogies and Portmanteau words. Basics of Grammar – Part II Active, Passive, Direct and Indirect speech, Prepositions, Conjunctions and Euphemisms.

## UNIT-II

## 05 Hours

Writing Skills, Letter writing, E mail, and Essay, Articles, and Memos, one word substitutes, note making and Comprehension.

UNIT-III 10 Hours Communication: Introduction: Communication process, Elements of communication, Barriers of communication and how to overcome them, Nuances for communicating with patients and their attenders in hospitals.

### UNIT-IV 05 Hours

Non Verbal Communication: Basics of non-verbal communication, Rapport building

skills using neuro- linguistic programming (NLP).

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

## Suggested Readings:

The Elements of Style & amp;quot; by William Strunk Jr. and E.B. White
 How to Win Friends and Influence People & amp;quot; by Dale Carnegie
 Crucial Conversations: Tools for Talking When Stakes Are
 High" by Kerry
 Dettersory Legend Open MeMiller, and Al Switzler

4. Patterson, Joseph Grenny, Ron McMillan, and Al Switzler

5. On Writing Well & amp;quot; by William Zinsser

## Course Title: Introduction to Quality & Patient SafetyCourse Code: BVT109

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

## Total Hours: 45

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Implement the quality improvement approaches, NABH, NABL, JCI guidelines.
- 2. Rescue the patients by the basic life support skills which can save manylives in urgent cases Apply proper disposals of biomedical waste, reducing risk of infection towaste handling personnel
- 3. Control cross infection which can occur due to improper handling of infected waste polluting surroundings too.
- 4. Focus on the quality measures and proper handling of disposals providing quality facility to patients.

## **Course Contents**

## 15 Hours

Quality Assurance and Management Introduction, Quality improvement approaches, standards and norms, quality improvement tools, introduction to NABH guidelines. Basic of

### UNIT-I

Emergency Care and Life Support Skills Basic life support (BLS) following cardiac arrest, recognition of sudden cardiac arrest and

activation of emergency response system, early cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and rapid defibrillation with an automated external defibrillator (AED)

### UNIT-II

Basic Emergency CareFirst aid, choking, rescue breathing methods, ventilation including use ofbag valve master (BVMs)

## UNIT-III

Biomedical Waste Management Definition, waste minimization, BMW- segregation, collection, transportation, treatment and disposal (Including color coding), Liquid BMW, Radioactive waste, metals/chemicals/drug waste, BMW management and methods of disinfection, use of Personal protective equipment (PPE)

## UNIT-IV

Infection Prevention and Control Sterilization, Disinfection, Effective hand hygiene, use of PPE, Prevention and control of common health care associated infections, Guidelines (NABH) and JCI for hospital infection control .Disaster preparedness and management Fundamentals of emergency management

## Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question,

## Suggested Readings:

- Schriefer, J., & Leonard, M. S. (2012).Patient safety and quality
- *improvement: an overview of QI. Pediatrics in review,*
- Yamin, T. (2013). Chemical & Biological Weapons: Positions, Prospects and Trends. Policy Perspectives,
- Datta, P., Mohi, G., &Chander, J. (2018). Biomedical wastemanagement in
- India: Critical appraisal. Journal of laoratory physics

## 10 Hours

## **10 Hours**

## **10 Hours**

**Course Title: Bio-Medical Wastage Management** 

**Course Code: BVT110** 

Γotal	<b>Hours</b> :	45
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**Learning Outcomes:** After completion of this course, the learner will be able to: 1. Comprehend the fundamental properties of ionizing radiation, including the differences between alpha, beta, gamma, and X-ray radiation. 2. Explain the units and measurements used in radiation physics, including concepts like exposure, absorbed dose, dose equivalent, and activity. 3. Explore various waste management methods, including segregation, storage, transportation, treatment, and disposal. 4. Gain proficiency in the use of various radiation detection instruments and techniques, such as Geiger-Muller counters, scintillation detectors, and dosimeters.

## **Course Contents**

## UNIT-I **10 Hours** Introduction to Biomedical Waste Management Definition and classification of biomedical waste Historical overview and importance of biomedical waste management Legal and regulatory framework Types and Sources of Biomedical Waste Classification of biomedical waste based on infectious, hazardous, and general waste. UNIT-II 10 Hours Health Hazards and Risks Potential and hazards associated with improper biomedical waste management, Infection control and prevention measures Waste Segregation and Collection Segregation guidelines and color coding Collection methods and container types UNIT-III 15 Hours Waste Disposal and Environmental Impact Landfilling, landfill requirements, and considerations Environmental consequences of improper waste disposal Waste-to-energy and recycling options Storage and Transportation Storage requirements and guidelines Transportation regulations and safety UNIT-IV 10 Hours Waste Management Planning and Implementation

Developing waste management plans for healthcare facilities Staff training and awareness programs monitoring and auditing waste management practices,Biomedical Waste Management Rules 2016.

Bhattacharya, S., Biswas, S., Das, D., & Nair, P. (2019). Biomedical waste management in
India: Critical appraisal. Journal of International
Environmental Application & Science, 14(2), 91-97.

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

 Prüss-Üstün, A., &Rapiti, E. (2008). Safe management of wastes from health-care activities. World Health Organization.
 Srivastava, A., & Kaushal, R. K. (2020).
 Biomedical waste management during COVID-3.pandemic: A review. Environmental Sustainability and Resource Management, 2(1), 53-61.
 Rao, P. V., & Patnaik, S. K. (2016). Biomedical waste management: An exploratory study.
 International Journal of Environmental Science and Technology, 13(7), 1607-

Semester 2nd

- 1. Course Title: General Anatomy –II
- 2. Course Code: BVT201

## Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 6. Acquire the demonstration of basic anatomical terminology, anatomical position, anatomical planes, and levels of organization in the body, organ systems, skeleton, and cavities of the body.
- 7. Evaluate Features of lymph vessels, lymphatic tissue&organs,lymphatic's,spleen,tonsil,thymus

- 8. StudyCentralnervoussystem,brain,cerebellum,spinalcor d, cranialnerves,andautonomicnervoussystem.
- 9. Differentiateskeletalmuscle,cardiacmuscle,smoothmuscle.
- 10. Discuss Hormones, pituitary gland, thyroidgland, parathyroid glands,adrenalglands,endocrinepancreas.

#### CourseContents

#### **UNIT-I**:Respiratory System Anatomy and Structure15Hours

Thoracic Cage Anatomy Upper Respiratory Anatomy Lower Respiratory Anatomy

#### **UNIT-II Anatomy of the Digestive Systems**

Digestive Organs Mouth and Pharynx Esophagus and Stomach Small and Large Intestines

#### UNIT-III: Anatomy of Excretory and Reproductive System 15 Hours

Excretory Organs Reproductive Organs Excretory Organs Kidney Ureter and Bladder

#### UNIT-IV Anatomy of the Nervous System 15Hours

Central Nervous System: Brain Central Nervous System: Spinal Cord Associated Structures Protective Structures and Blood Supply

#### Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question.

#### SuggestedReadings:

### SuggestedReadings:

- Agur,A.M.,&Dalley,A.F.(2009).Grant'satlasofanatom y. LippincottWilliams & Wilkins.
- Chaurasia,B. D. (2004). Human anatomy (p. 53). CBS Publisher.
- Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses ataGlance. John Wiley & Sons

## Course Title: General Physiology –I Course Code: BVT202

	<u> </u>		
<b>Total</b>	<b>Hours</b> :	60	

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Learn pharmacology drugs acting on blood and blood forming agents.
- 2. Enlistthedrugsactingonurinarysystem.
- 3. StudypharmacologydrugsactingonGIsystem.
- 4. Acquirepharmacologyofdrugsactingonimmunesystem.

## CourseContents

## UNIT-I Functional Anatomy and Physiology of the Respiratory System 15Hours

Components of the Respiratory System Mechanism of Respiration Pulmonary Function and Circulation Gas Transport and Respiratory Adjustments

#### UNIT-II Functional Anatomy and Physiology of the Digestive and Endocrine Systems

**15Hours** 

Digestive System Anatomy and Physiology Conditions related to the digestive system Endocrine System Overview

#### **UNIT-III Excretory and Reproductive Systems**

**15Hours** 

Mechanism of Excretion Urine formation Electrolytes: their balances and imbalances Acid - base balance Acidosis and Alkalosis Reproductive System Male reproductive system Female reproductive system

Lactation: composition of milk

#### **UNIT-IV Nervous and Sensory Systems**

#### **15Hours**

Nervous System Overview Central Nervous System Peripheral and Autonomic Nervous System Sensory System

### Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

### SuggestedReadings:

- Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses at a Glance. John Wiley & Sons.
- Pal, G. K. (2006). Textbook Of Practical Physiology-2Nd Edn. Orient Blackswan.

### **Course Title: Psychology**

#### **Course Code: BVT203**

## 203

## LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Get detailed information about the host, parasite, their life cycle andvariousdiseasescausedbythem
- 2. Learn the procedures of sample collection and transportation for microbiology tests.

L	Τ	Р	Cr
4	0	0	4

TotalHours:60

- Capableto prepare various culture medias, Care &handling of laboratory animals and get their extracts for culture preparations
- 4. Classifymicrobeswithspecialreferencetoprokaryotes &eukaryotes,Bacterialanatomy

#### CourseContents

UNIT-I Fundamentals of Psychology and Psychological Disorders 15Hours

Introduction to Psychology Scope and Branches of Psychology Concepts of Normality and Abnormality Identifying and Understanding Psychological Disorders

#### **UNIT-II Understanding and Managing Stress**

**15Hours** 

Concept of Stress Psychological Models of Stress Sources and Impact of Stress Health Behavior and Stress Management.

#### UNIT-III Theories and Processes of Learning

**15Hours** 

Introduction to Learning Classical Conditioning Operant Conditioning Theories of Learning

#### UNIT-IV Foundations of Therapeutic Techniques 15Hours

Counselling Psychotherapy Relaxation Techniques

## Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### SuggestedReadings:

- Practical Medical Microbiology by Mackie & McCartney Volume 1 and 2
- $\bullet \ Textbook of {\it Microbiology} by {\it An anthan aray} an an$
- MedicalMicrobiologybyPaniker&SatishGupte

**Course Name: General Anatomy (Practical)** 

**Course Code: BVT-204** 

**TotalHours:30** 

# L T P Cr 0 0 4 2

# Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Befamiliar with the history of Anesthesia
- 2. getanunderstandingofPositioningofPatient
- 3. Suggesting a simple anesthetic plan commonly used anesthesianon-invasive
- 4. MonitoringintheOperation Theatre
- 5. Implementmethodstodecreaseinfectionsin

## CourseContents

## List of Experiments/Practical's

## 1. Dissection of the Thoracic Cavity

Perform dissection to explore the thoracic cavity. Identify and study the heart, lungs, and major blood vessels.

## 2. Dissection of the Abdominal Cavity

Dissect the abdominal cavity to examine the stomach, intestines, liver, spleen, and kidneys. Identify their anatomical relationships and functions

## **3. Bone Identification and Markings**

Study and identify key bones of the human skeleton. Examine surface markings, articulations, and bone structures through skeletal models or specimens.

## 4. Brain Dissection

Conduct a detailed dissection of the brain to understand its structure. Identify major parts such as the cerebrum, cerebellum, and brainstem, and their functional areas

## **5. Spinal Cord and Peripheral Nerves**

Study the structure of the spinal cord and its relation to the vertebral column. Explore the major peripheral nerves and their pathways through models or dissection.

#### 6. Heart Anatomy and Function

Examine the heart's chambers, valves, and vessels. Use models or specimens to study the blood flow through the heart and major arteries and veins.

#### 7. Lung Structure and Function

Study the anatomy of the lungs, including the bronchial tree and alveoli. Observe how these structures facilitate gas exchange.

#### 8. Digestive Tract Examination

Explore the anatomy of the digestive tract, from the esophagus to the rectum. Study the structure and function of accessory organs such as the liver and pancreas

#### 9. Urinary System Dissection

Dissect and identify the kidneys, ureters, bladder, and urethra. Learn about their roles in urine formation and elimination

#### 10. Endocrine Glands Study

Examine the major endocrine glands (thyroid, adrenal, pituitary) through models or specimens. Discuss their hormonal functions and impacts on the body

#### 11. Male and Female Reproductive Systems

Study the anatomy of the male and female reproductive systems. Dissect and identify key structures and discuss their roles in reproduction.

#### Transactional modes

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### SuggestedReadings:

#### SuggestedReadings:

- Agur,A.M.,&Dalley,A.F.(2009).Grant'satlasofanatom y. LippincottWilliams & Wilkins.
- Chaurasia, B. D. (2004). Human anatomy (p. 53). CBS Publisher.
- Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses ataGlance. John Wiley & Sons

## CourseName:General Physiology-II(Practical) CourseCode:BVT205

L	Τ	Р	Cr
0	0	4	2

**Total Hours: 30** 

## LearningOutcomes:

## Aftercompletionofthiscourse, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Knowtheuseofvarioustypesofemergencydrugs,theirdosagean deffects.
- 2. Understand the action of drugs on the neuromuscularsystem and cardiovascular system.
- 3. Application of bicarbonate, calcium, and potassium inpatient care.
- 4. Understand the mode of action of painkiller drugs and their e

## Course

#### Contents List of Experiments/Practicals

## 1. Measurement of Blood Pressure

Use a sphygmomanometer to measure and record blood pressure. Analyze the effects of different positions and activities on blood pressure

## 2 Electrocardiogram(ECG)Recording

Perform ECG recordings to study the electrical activity of the heart. Identify different phases of the cardiac cycle and interpret normal and abnormal ECG patterns.

## **3 HeartRateandCardiacOutput**

Measure heart rate under various conditions (resting, post-exercise). Calculate cardiac output and discuss

## 4 Spirometry

Perform spirometry tests to measure lung volumes and capacities (e.g., tidal volume, vital capacity, residual volume). Analyze respiratory function and patterns.

## 5 PeakFlowMeasurement

Use a peak flow meter to assess peak expiratory flow rate (PEFR). Discuss its significance in respiratory health and disease

## 6 GasExchangeAnalysis

Study the effects of various factors (e.g., exercise, altitude) on gas exchange.

Measure and analyze blood gases ( $O_2$  and  $CO_2$  levels) using available equipment.

## 7. FluidandElectrolyteBalance

Study the regulation of fluid and electrolytes in the body. Measure the effects of different fluid intake levels on urine output and electrolyte balance

## Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case basedteaching, Question

## SuggestedReadings:

- Peate, I., & Nair, M. (2015). Anatomy and Physiology for Nurses at a Glance. John Wiley & Sons.
- Pal, G. K. (2006). Textbook Of Practical Physiology-2Nd Edn. Orient Blackswan.

L	Т	P	Cr
0	0	4	2

## Course Name: Introduction to Health Care/First Aid-Practical Course Code: BVT206 Total Hours: 30 LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the

## learner will be able to:

- 1. Collectsampleforidentificationofbacteria, virus, fungior parasite.
- 2. Cleaningtechniquesofglasswarebyvariousmethods accordingtotheirusesinlaboratory.
- 3. Operating microscope, cleaning and maintenance of microscope andobjectives.
- 4. Sterilizationtechniquesdryandmoistheat,workingofhotairovenandautoclave

## CourseContents

## List of Experiments/Practical's

## 1. CPR (Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation)

Objective: Learn and practice CPR techniques for adults, children, and infants. Understand the correct chest compression depth and rate, rescue breaths, and the use of an automated external defibrillator (AED). Tools/Equipment: CPR manikins, AED trainers.

## 2. Choking Relief

Objective: Practice techniques for relieving choking in adults, children, and infants. Demonstrate abdominal thrusts (Heimlich maneuver) and back blows.

## **3. Bleeding Control and Wound Care**

Objective: Apply techniques for controlling bleeding, including direct pressure, elevation, and tourniquet application. Practice wound cleaning, dressing, and bandaging.

Tools/Equipment: Bandages, antiseptics, simulated wounds.

## 4. Primary and Secondary Surveys

Objective: Conduct primary and secondary assessments of an injured or ill person.

Identify and prioritize life-threatening conditions and perform a thorough secondary survey.

Tools/Equipment: First aid kits, assessment checklists.

#### **5. Shock Management**

Burns and Scalds Treatment Objective: Practice the treatment of burns and scalds, including cooling the burn, covering with sterile dressings, and recognizing different degrees of burns.

Tools/Equipment: Burn simulation kits, sterile dressings.

#### **6.** Fractures and Sprains

Objective: Immobilize and manage fractures and sprains using splints and

bandages. Understand the signs of fractures and the proper application of splints.

Tools/Equipment: Splints, bandages, simulated limb injuries.

#### 7. Poisoning and Allergic Reactions

Objective: Identify symptoms of poisoning and allergic reactions. Practice administering first aid for these situations, including the use of epinephrine auto- injectors. Tools/Equipment: Epinephrine auto-injectors (training devices), poison control information.

#### 8. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Objective: Understand and practice the correct use of PPE in various health care settings to prevent infection and ensure safety.

Tools/Equipment: Gloves, masks, gowns, eye protection.
#### Transactionalmodes

Videobasedteaching,Collaborativeteaching,Casebasedteaching, Question.

#### Suggestedreadings:

- a. Practical Medical Microbiology, Mackie & McCartney Volume 1 and 2
- $b. \ Textbook of {\it Microbiology} by {\it An anthan arayanan}$
- $c. \ Medical Microbiology by Paniker \& Satish Gupte$

d.

# **Course Name: Project-II**

#### Course Code: BVT207

#### **Course contents**

#### Designing an Operating Theatre Protocol: Ensuring Patient Safety and Efficiency

Objective: To create a comprehensive protocol for an operating theatre that focuses on patient safety, infection control, and efficient workflow.

Components: Include pre-operative, intra-operative, and postoperative procedures, roles and responsibilities of the OT team, sterilization protocols, and emergency response plans.

#### Comparative Study of Sterilization Techniques in Surgical Instruments

Objective: To evaluate the effectiveness of different sterilization methods used for surgical instruments in terms of time efficiency, cost, and infection control.

Components: Research and analysis of methods like autoclaving, ethylene oxide, UV sterilization, and chemical disinfectants. Include a practical component where different techniques are tested and compared.

#### Patient Positioning in Surgery: Impact on Surgical Outcome and Patient Safety

Objective: To investigate the importance of proper patient positioning during various surgical procedures and its impact on surgical outcomes and patient safety.

Components: Include a study of different positioning techniques for various surgeries, potential risks associated with improper positioning, and strategies to mitigate these risks.

#### Implementation of Electronic Health Records (EHR) in Operating Theatres

Objective: To explore the benefits and challenges of implementing Electronic Health

Records (EHR) in operating theatres for better patient management and documentation.

Components: Conduct a study on existing EHR systems, analyze their impact on workflow and data management, and propose a model for EHR implementation in a hypothetical hospital setting.

#### Role of Technology in Enhancing Communication and Coordination in the Operating Theatre

Objective: To assess the role of communication and coordination technologies (like

intercom systems, digital displays, and telemedicine) in improving the efficiency and safety of surgical procedures.

Components: Examine current technologies used, their effectiveness, and propose improvements or new technologies that could be integrated.

# Assessment of Post-Operative Care Protocols and Patient Outcomes

Objective: To analyze the impact of different post-operative care protocols on patient recovery and outcomes.

Components: Include a review of standard post-operative care practices, a survey or interviews with healthcare professionals, and a comparative analysis of outcomes based on varying protocols

# **Course Name: Environment Studies**

**Course Code: BVT208** 

L	Т	Ρ	Cr
2	0	0	2

**Total Hours:** 

# **30 Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:**

- **1.**Realize natural Resources and associated problems, use and overexploitation.
- 2.Classify causes, effects and control measures of airpollution, waterpollution, soil pollution, marine pollution, noise pollution
- **3.**Categories the concept of ecosystem, structure, interrelationship of producers, consumers and decomposers.
- **4.**Inspect sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, Water conservation, rain water harvesting

#### **Course Contents**

#### UNIT-I

Introduction Definition and scope and importance of multidisciplinary nature of environment. Need for public awareness. Natural Resources Natural Resources and associated problems, use and over exploitation, case studies of forest resources and water resources.

# 05 Hours

# **UNIT-II**

of Ecosystems Concept Ecosystem, Structure. interrelationship, producers, consumers and decomposers, ecological pyramids- biodiversity and importance. Hotspots of biodiversity Environmental Pollution Definition, Causes. effects and control measures of air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal nuclear pollution. hazards. Solid waste management: Causes, effects and control measure of urban and industrial wastes. Role of an individual in prevention of pollution. Pollution studies, Disaster management: case Floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

# UNIT-III

Environment Protection Act, Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act. Wildlife Protection Act, Forest Conservation Act, Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation Public Population the awareness. Human and Environment, Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion-Family Welfare Program. Environment and human health, Human Rights, Value Education, HIV/AIDS. Women child Welfare. Role of Information Technology in and Environment and human health. Case studies.

# **UNIT-IV**

#### 05 Hours

Understanding the Hospital Environment Understanding the environment in the following clinical laboratories: Microbiology, Biochemistry, Histopathology,

Hematology Clinical laboratory hazards to the environment from the following

and means to prevent Infectious material, Toxic Chemicals, Radioactive

Material, Other miscellaneous wastes

# **Transactional modes**

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question, ppt.

# **Suggested Reading:**

- Chawla S., 2012. Α Textbook of Environmental Studies, TataMcGrawHill,NewDelhi.
- Jadhav,H&Bhosale,V.M.,1995.Environmental ProtectionandLaws.Himalaya Pub.House, New Delhi.Gadi R., Rattan, S.,

#### **10 Hours**

#### **10 Hours**

2006.

- Environmental Studies, KATSON Books, New Delhi.McKinney, M.L. & School, R.M., 1996.
- Environmental Science Systems & Solutions, Web enhanced edition.WangerK.D., 1998.
- Environmental Management.W.B.SaundersCo. Philadelphia, USA

#### Course Title: Health Education Course Code: BVT209



#### **Total Hours: 45**

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

1. Demonstrate the importance of health education and health

communication in promoting individual and community health.

2. Identify key theories and models related to health behavior change.

3. Explore different communication strategies and techniques used in health

education.

4. Develop skills in designing and implementing health education

programs.

Course Contents

# UNIT-I 10 Hours

Introduction to Health Education and Health Communication, Importance and goals of

health education, Role of health communication in behaviour change, Historical

perspectives on health education and communication

# UNIT-II 10 Hours

Theories and Models of Health BehaviourChange Social cognitive theory, Transtheoretical

model, Health belief model, Ecological model, Effective

Communication Strategies,

Principles of effective communication

# UNIT-III 10 Hours

Designing Health Education Programs, Assessing needs and setting objectives,

Developing educational materials, Planning and implementing health education

programs, Evaluating program effectiveness, Verbal and non-verbal communication,

Health literacy and plain language, Cultural competence in communication

# UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Media and Technology in Health Communication, Role of media in health communication,

Social media and online platforms, Health campaigns and mass media interventions,

Ethical considerations in media use, Ethical and Cultural Considerations in Health

Education, Ethical guidelines and principles, Informed consent and confidentiality,

Health communication with vulnerable populations, Evaluation of Health Education and

Communication Interventions.

# Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question Answer

Suggested Readings

- 1. Bandura, A. (2004).Health promotion by social cognitive means. Health Education & amp; Behavior, 31(2), 143-164.
- Brashers, D. E., Haas, S. M., &Neidig, J. L. (2014). Health communication and the social networks of older adults: Implications for health and aging. In R. N. Bostrom & B. H. Westley (Eds.), Communication and aging (pp. 193-222). Routledge.

 Freimuth, V. S., Quinn, S. C., Thomas, S. B., Cole, G., Zook, E., & Duncan, T. (2001). African Americans' views on research and the Tuskegee Syphilis Study. Social Science & Medicine, 52(5), 797-808.

Kreps, G. L., & amp; Sparks, L. (2008). Meeting the health literacy needs of immigrant populations. Patient Education and Counseling, 71(3), 328-332

Course Title: Social Pharmacy

**Course Code: BVT210** 

Total	<b>Hours</b> :	45
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3 0

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will beable to:

**1.** Deliberate about roles of pharmacists in the various national health programs

**2.** Describe various sources of health hazards and disease preventive measures

**3.** Discuss the healthcare issues associated with food and nutritional substances

4. Describe the general roles and responsibilities of

pharmacists in public health

#### **Course Contents**

#### UNIT –I

Introduction to Social Pharmacy Definition and Scope. Social Pharmacy as a discipline and its scope in improving the public health. Role of Pharmacists in Public Health. Concept of Health - WHO Definition, various dimensions, determinants, and health indicators. National Health Policy – Indian perspective. Public and Private Health System in India, National Health Mission, Introduction to Millennium Development Goals, Sustainable Development Goals, FIP Development Goals.

#### UNIT –II

Preventive healthcare – Role of Pharmacists in the following, Demography and Family Planning. Mother and child health, importance of breastfeeding, ill effects of infant milk substitutes and bottle feeding Overview of Vaccines, types of immunity and immunization

#### UNIT –III

Nutrition and Health Basics of nutrition – Macronutrients and Micronutrients, Importance of water and fibers000 in

# ours: 45

Ρ

0

Cr

3

# **10 Hours**

# **10 Hours**

15 Hours

diet Balanced diet, Malnutrition, nutrition deficiency diseases, ill effects of junk foods, calorific and nutritive values of various foods, fortification of food, Introduction to food safety, adulteration of foods, effects of artificial ripening, use of pesticides, genetically modified foods, Dietary supplements, nutraceuticals, food supplements – indications, benefits, Drug-Food Interactions

# UNIT -IV

# **10 Hours**

Introduction to health systems and all ongoing National, Health programs in India, their objectives, functioning, outcome, and therole of pharmacists.

# Transactional modes

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question, ppt

# **Suggested Reading:**

- Textbook of Pharmacognosy by C. K. Kokate, S. B. Gokhale, A.P.Purohit, Nirali Prakashan
- Textbook of Pharmacognosy by C.S. Shah and J. S. Qadry, CBSPublishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Text Book of Pharmacognosy by T. E. Wallis. CB Publishers & Distributors Pvt. Ltd.
- Study of crude drugs by M. A. Iyengar, Manipal Press Ltd,
- Manipal Powder crude drugs by M. A. Iyengar, Manipal PressLtd,

#### Semester 3rd

Course Title: Applied Anatomy & Physiology related to anesthesia Technology Course Code:BVT301

L	Т	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

#### LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate the management evolution and how it will affect t future management.
- 2. Practicetheprocessofmanagement'sfunctions: planning,

organizing, leading, directing and controlling.

- 3. Observeandevaluatesocialresponsibilityandethicalis sue involved inbusiness situations and logically articulate own position on such issue
- 4. ObserveFunctionsofManagement:Planning– Organizing– Directing–ControllingPlanning.

# CourseContents

#### UNIT-I Respiratory System in Anesthesia

**15Hours** 

Anatomy of the Respiratory Tract Respiratory Physiology Lung Volumes and Capacities Oxygen and Respiratory Considerations

#### **UNIT-II Cardiovascular System in Anesthesia10Hours**

Heart Anatomy Electrocardiography (ECG) Blood Pressure Measurement

#### UNIT-III : Fluid Management and Blood Transfusion 10 Hours

Body Fluids Intravenous (IV) Fluids IV Cannulation

**Blood Transfusion** 

B.Voc. OT

# **UNIT-IV Neurophysiology and Reproductive Physiology 10Hours**

Central and Peripheral Nervous System Cerebrospinal Fluid (CSF) Reproductive System Labour and Delivery

#### Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question,pptx

#### SuggestedReadings:

e. Sproull,L.S.(1984). "TheNatureof ManagerialAttention," inL. S.Sproull (ed.), Advances in Information Processing in Organizations. Greenwich, CT: JAI Press.



# Course Title: Basic Principles ofHospital Management

**CourseCode:BVT302** 

TotalHours:45

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Study the chemistry of carbohydrate, lipids, proteins and amino acid
- 2. Narratethesignificanceofbiochemistryinpatient's status.
- 3. Clarify the importance of mineral and vitamins in human body.
- 4. Recognize the Nomenclature, Classification, Factors affecting enzymeactivity
- 5. Acceptthebriefdescriptionofchemistryofblood.

# CourseContents

# UNIT-I Principles of Management and Organizational Behavior Planning and Management of Hospital and Clinical Services

Introduction to Management and Organization Management Functions Management in Healthcare Units Organizational Behavior

# UNIT-II Planning and Management of Hospital and Clinical Services 10 Hours

Hospital Infrastructure and Physical Layout Planning of Infrastructure Facilities Types of Hospitals Clinical Services Administration

# UNIT-III Organizing Support Services and Hospital Management 15Hours

Support Clinical Services

Housekeeping and Maintenance

Forecasting and Procurement

Equipment Maintenance and Financial Trends

#### **UNIT-IV**Personnel **Management** 10Hours

Personnel and Quality Management

Ethical and Legal Aspects

**Operations Research and Quantitative Methods** 

#### Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching,Collaborativeteaching,Casebased teaching, Question.

#### SuggestedReadings:

 TextbookofMedicalBiochemistry M N andShindeRena, JaypeeBrothersMedicalPublishersPvt.Ltd

# CourseName:Pharmacology

CourseCode:BVT303

Total

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

# Hours: 45

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Develop effective communication and interpersonal skills inprofessional contexts.
- 2. Relate critical thinking and decision-making skills to ethical challenges.
- 3. Cultivatepersonalvaluesandethicalprinciplesthatalignwit h professional standards.
- 4. Reflect on their own professional development and personalgrowth.

#### **Course Contents**

# UNIT-IFundamentals of Pharmacology

**9Hours** 

DrugFundamentals Pharmacokinetics DrugToxicity PharmacokineticsOverview

# **UNIT-II Principles of Drug Action and Pharmacodynamics12 Hours**

DrugAction

# Mechanismof Action AdverseDrugReactions(ADR) DrugMetabolismandClassification

#### UNIT-III Pharmacology of Drugs Affecting the Nervous System 12 Hours

AutonomicNervousSystemDrugs

CentralNervousSystemDrugs

#### UNIT-IV Pharmacology of Local Anesthetics and Cardiovascular Drugs 12 Hours

LocalAnesthetics CardiovascularDrugs

# Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching,Collaborativeteaching,Casebased teaching, Question

# SuggestedReadings:

 Rokeach, M. (2008).Understanding human values.Simon and Schuster.Inglehart, R. F., Basanez, M., Basanez, M., & Moreno, A.(1998).

Subject Title: Applied Anatomy&Physiology-

Practical

L T P Cr 3 0 0 3

Code BVT304

# **Course Contents**

#### List of Experiments/Practical's

#### 1. Dissection of the Thoracic Cavity

Perform dissection to explore the thoracic cavity. Identify and study the heart, lungs, and major blood vessels.

# 2. Dissection of the Abdominal Cavity

Dissect the abdominal cavity to examine the stomach, intestines, liver, spleen, and kidneys. Identify their anatomical relationships and functions

#### **3. Bone Identification and Markings**

Study and identify key bones of the human skeleton. Examine surface markings, articulations, and bone structures through skeletal models or specimens.

#### 4. Brain Dissection

Conduct a detailed dissection of the brain to understand its structure. Identify major parts such as the cerebrum, cerebellum, and brainstem, and their functional areas

#### **5. Spinal Cord and Peripheral Nerves**

Study the structure of the spinal cord and its relation to the vertebral column. Explore the major peripheral nerves and their pathways through models or dissection.

#### **6. Heart Anatomy and Function**

Examine the heart's chambers, values, and vessels. Use models or specimens to study the blood flow through the heart and major arteries and veins.

#### 7. Lung Structure and Function

Study the anatomy of the lungs, including the bronchial tree and alveoli. Observe how these structures facilitate gas exchange.

#### 8. Digestive Tract Examination

Explore the anatomy of the digestive tract, from the esophagus to the rectum. Study the structure and function of accessory organs such as the liver and pancreas

#### 9. Urinary System Dissection

Dissect and identify the kidneys, ureters, bladder, and urethra. Learn about their roles in urine formation and elimination

#### 10. Endocrine Glands Study

Examine the major endocrine glands (thyroid, adrenal, pituitary) through models or specimens. Discuss their hormonal functions and impacts on the body

#### 11. Male and Female Reproductive Systems

Study the anatomy of the male and female reproductive systems. Dissect and identify key structures and discuss their roles in reproduction.

B.Voc. OT

# **TotalHours:4**

Course Title: Pharmacology -

Practical

**Course Code:BVT305** 

**Total Hours: 30** 

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,t he learner will be able to:

- 1. Evaluate and integrates the use of analytical enquiry andcritical reflection.
- 2. Determine knowledge of the pathophysiological nature of disorders resultingincriticalillness.
- 3. Integrate advanced and integrated theoretical and clinical knowledgerequiredforthe,assessmentandmanagemen tofthe complex critically ill patient.
- 4. Determine a systems approach to the assessment, monitoringand support of physiological function in the critically ill patient
- 1) Preparation and administration of common drug forms including oral, intravenous.
- **2)** Intramuscular routes; understanding and practice of aseptic techniques.
- 3) Measurement of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism, and excretion.
- 4) Analysis of drug interactions and their effects on
- 5) Pharmacokinetics
- 6) Identification and reporting of adverse drug reactions.
- 7) simulation of treatment protocols for drug toxicity and overdose scenario
- 8) Conducting assays and quality control tests for drug samples.
- 9) Use of analytical techniques such as chromatography and spectroscopy to assess drug purity and concentration

L	Τ	Р	Cr
0	0	4	2

B.Voc. OT

#### . Course Title: General Pathology -PracticaL Code BVT306

#### **Course Contents**

15 Hours

- 1) Preparation and staining of tissue slides.
- 2) Identification of normal and pathological tissue structures under the microscope..
- 3) Microscopic examination of slides from common diseases such as inflammation, infections, and tumors.
- 4) Recognition of histological features of each condition.
- 5) Performing and interpreting basic hematological tests including blood smears, cell counts, and differential counts.
- 6) Observation and participation in autopsy procedures; identification of gross pathological findings and correlation with microscopic features

#### Transactional**modes**

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question.

#### Suggested Readings:

- *Ranjit,S.(2010).ManualofPediatricEmergencies&CriticalCare.Paras.*
- McLean, S.F. (2016). Case-basedlearningandits application in medical and health-care fields: a review of worldwide literature.
- Journal of Medical Education and Curricular Development, 3, JMECD-S20377.
- Spuntarelli, V., Luciani, M., Bentivegna, E., Marini, V., Falangone, F., Conforti, G.,&Martelletti, P. (2020).
- COVID-19: is it just a lung disease? Acase-based review. SN Comprehensive Clinical Medicine,

# Optimization of Sterilization Protocols in the Operation Theatre

Objective: Analyze and propose improvements to current sterilization procedures in an operation theatre to enhance safety and efficiency.

Tasks:

Evaluate existing sterilization techniques. Conduct a risk assessment for potential contamination. Develop a revised protocol with recommendations. Present findings through a detailed report and a presentation.

# 1. Implementation of a Checklist System for Surgical Safety

Objective: Develop and test a surgical safety checklist to reduce errors and improve patient outcomes. Tasks:

Research existing surgical safety checklists and their effectiveness.

Design a customized checklist for local use.

Implement the checklist in a simulated or real environment.

Evaluate its impact on safety and compliance through feedback and data analysis.

# 2. Analysis of Patient Flow and Resource Management in the Operation Theatre

Objective: Study and optimize patient flow and resource allocation in the operation theatre to improve efficiency. Tasks:

Map out current patient flow and resource usage. Identify bottlenecks and areas for improvement. Propose and test solutions for better management. Document and present the improvements and their effects.

#### 3. Development of an Infection Control Program in the Operation Theatre

Objective: Create a comprehensive infection control program to minimize the risk of surgical site infections. Tasks:

Review current infection control practices and their effectiveness.

Design an enhanced infection control program.

Implement the program and monitor compliance.

Report on the effectiveness and any observed changes in infection rates.

# **Evaluation of Surgical Instrument Maintenance Practices**

Objective: Assess and improve the maintenance practices for surgical instruments to ensure their functionality and longevity.

Tasks:

Review current maintenance procedures and schedules. Conduct inspections and performance tests on various instruments.

Develop recommendations for improvements in maintenance practices.

#### **Course Title Project-III** Code BVT307

#### **Course Name: Electronics and Technology in Surgery** and Anesthesia **Course Code: BVT308**

L	Τ	Ρ	Cr
3	0	0	3

**Total Hours:** 

# 60 Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Maintain the electronic clinical record and prescribing system and drugs timing.
- 2. Provide electronic automatic coding, recovery progress, activity analysis.
- 3. Manage financial analysis, identification of staff, and all record of patients.
- 4. Find out engineering aspects of operation theatre equipment, power supplies, CVT, servostabilizers, and ups etc.

# **Course Contents**

# UNIT-I

Electronics and electro mechanical techniques- Electrical safety precautions in operation theatre. OT tables, OT lights, suction machines, electrodes, pressure transducers, electrical safety, application, handling operation.

#### **UNIT-II**

Basic electronics basic principle, care and maintenance and uses of surgical diathermy machine, defibrillator, Boyle's apparatus, anesthesia machine, monitors, pace-makers and stimulators etc. Engineering aspects of operation theatre equipment, power supplies, CVT, servo-stabilizers, and ups etc.

#### **UNIT-III**

Book keeping and Stock maintenance. Moral aspects and duties of OT technologist. Indenting, Book keeping and storage procedures of different articles. Co-ordination with all working personal in operation Theatre. Psychological aspects of patient, staff and relatives of the patient. Management of operation theatre in routine and emergency

#### 15 Hours

15 Hours

# **15 Hours**

B.Voc. OT

#### UNIT-IV 15 Hours

Computer data processing, software information and Data management. Logging on and off, Security concepts, Sending and receiving Emails. Hospital information system.

# Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### Suggested Readings:

- El-Hindy, N., Johnston, R. L., Jays cock, P., Eke, T., Braga,
   A. J., Tole, D. M., & Sparrow, J. M. (2009). The Cataract National Dataset Electronic Multi-centre Audit of 55 567 operations: anaesthetic techniques and complications. Eye
- Sanborn, K. V., Castro, J., Kuroda, M., &Thys, D. M. (1996). Detection of intraoperative incidents by electronic scanning of computerized anaesthesia records: comparison with voluntary reporting. The Journal of the American Society of Anesthesiologists Baddour, L. M., Epstein,

# Course Title: Medical Ethics & Legal AspectsCourse Code: BVT309

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

**Total Hours: 45** 

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- **1.** Interact with the patients and health care professionals inworking area.
- 2. Handle Legal Responsibilities, Patient safety and quality
- 3. Manage Biomedical waste generated from hospital or
- 4. Maintain Medical records and reports preparation.

# **Course Contents**

#### UNIT-I

#### Hours

Role, Definition and Interaction with the patients and health care professionals, Ethical, Moral, and Legal Responsibilities, Patient

safety and quality, restrain policies and role of health professionals.

# UNIT-I

# **10 Hours**

Biomedical waste Management, medical records and reports. Medical terminology- The course employs a body systems-oriented, word- analysis approach to learning medical terminology.

# UNIT-III

# **12Hours**

The goal of the class is to prepare students for the terminology they might encounter in their subsequent coursework, in their clinical rotations and ultimately in their roles as health care professionals.

# UNIT-IV

# **10 Hours**

Ethical Issues in Research and Clinical Trials, Ethical principles in research involving human subjects, Informed consent in research, Ethical challenges in clinical trials, Legal Aspects in Healthcare Overview of healthcare laws and regulations, Liability and malpractice issues in healthcare, Medical documentation and record-keeping.

13

#### Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

# Suggested Readings:

- Beauchamp, T. L., Childress, J. F., & Principles, B. H. (2019). Principles of Biomedical Ethics (8th ed.). Oxford University Press.
- Devettere, R. J. (2012). Practical Decision Making in Health Care Ethics: Cases, Concepts, and the Virtue of Prudence (3rd ed.). Georgetown University Press.
- Lo, B., & Field, M. J. (Eds.). (2009). Conflict of Interest in Medical Research, Education, and Practice. National Academies Press.
- Pellegrino, E. D., & Thomasma, D. C. (2017). The Philosophy of Medicine Reborn: A Pellegrino Reader. University of Notre Dame Press.
- □ Crowley, M., & Lodge, A. (2018). Medicine, Ethics, and the Law: The Core Curriculum (2nd ed.). Churchill Livingstone.

<b>Course Name:</b>	Human	Rights	&	Profession
Values <b>Course</b>	Code: B	VT310		

L	Τ	Р	Cr
2	0	0	2

# **Total Hours: 30**

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- **1.**Realize interaction between society and educational institutions.
- **2.** Sensitize the citizens so that the norms and values of humanrights and duties of education Programme are realized.
- 3. Encourage research activities.
- 4. Encourage research studies concerning the relationship between Human Rights and Duties Education.

# **Course Contents**

#### UNIT – I 05 Hours

Background – Introduction, Meaning, Nature and Scope, Development of Human Rights, Theories of Rights, Types of Rights Human rights at various level- Human Rights at Global Level UNO, Instruments: U.N. Commission for Human Rights, European Convention on Human Rights.

#### UNIT – II 10 Hours

Human rights in India – Development of Human Rights in India, Human Rights and the Constitution of India, Protection of Human Rights Act 1993- National Human Rights Commission, State Human Rights Commission, Composition Powers and Functions, National Commission for Minorities, SC/ST and Woman

#### UNIT – III Hours

Human Rights Violations -Human Rights Violations against Women, Children, Violations against Minorities SC/ST and Trans-genders, Preventive Measures. Professional values-Integrity, Objectivity, Professional competence and due care, Confidentiality

#### UNIT – IV 05 Hours

Personal values- ethical or moral values, Attitude and behaviour professional behaviour, treating people equally Code of conduct professional accountability and responsibility, misconduct, Cultural issues in the healthcare environment

# Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

# **Suggested Readings:**

- Jagannath Mohanty Teaching of Humans Rights New Trendsand Innovations Deep & Deep Publications Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi 2009
- Ram Ahuja: Violence Against Women Rawat Publications Jauahar Nager Jaipur. 1998.
- Sivagami Parmasivam Human Rights Salem 2008HingoraniR.C.: Human Rights in India: Oxford and IBA New Delhi.

# Course Title: Medical Diseases InfluencingChoice of Anesthesia Course Code: BVT311

L	Τ	Ρ	Cr
3	0	0	3

Total Hours: 45 Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the

#### learner will be able to:

- 1. Learn the application of anesthetic medications in Various Heart diseases.
- 2. Understand Respiratory diseases such as Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease and Acute
- 3. Understand Respiratory Failure in renal diseases, diseases of Liver and endocrine disorders and In metabolic Diseases
- 4. Apply the knowledge related to drugs, calculations of anesthetic medications in different cardiovascular, respiratory and renal diseases.

#### **Course Contents**

#### UNIT- I

Ischemic Heart Disease: Risk factors: Medications, Acute MI, and Anesthesia for IHD cases. Post op management Valvular Heart Disease: Mitral stenosis: Anesthetic problems, Aortic regurgitation

Hypertension: Drugs Anaesthesia for Hypertension.

Hypertensive Crises. Complications

#### UNIT- II

Respiratory Diseases: COPD, Bronchiectasis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Acute Respiratory Failure, Tuberculosis Diseases of CNS- Cerebral Edema & Its Management, Ocular Trauma, Meningitis, Encephalitis.

#### UNIT-III

Diseases of Liver and Biliary Tract-Liver Functions, Liver Function Tests, Hepatitis, Jaundice, Types, Cirrhosis; Hepatorenal Syndrome Renal Disease: Functions of Kidney, Kidney Function, tests, Renal Failure, Anesthesia for renal failure patients (Acute and Chronic), Urinary Tract Infection **UNIT-IV** 12 Hours

Endocrine Disease: Diabetes Mellitus, Thyroid Dysfunction – Thyrotoxicosis, Hypothyroidism, Adrenal Gland Dysfunction, Diabetes Insipidus. Obesity, Anemia, Iron

**12 Hours** 

**11Hours** 

# **10 Hours**

#### Deficiency Anemia

Head Injury: Classification, Mechanism of Head Injury, SDH, EDH, SAH

#### **Transactional modes**

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- 1) George Mathews:- Handbook Medicine Lee Synosis: Anaethesia Handbook.
- 2) Stoelting, R. K., & Hillier, S. C. (2019). Anesthesia and Co-Existing Disease (7th ed.). Elsevier.
- 3) Dripps, R. D., & Eckenhoff, J. E. (2016). Introduction: The Patient with Systemic Disease. In Dripps/ Eckenhoff/ Vandam's Introduction to Anesthesia: The Principles of Safe Practice (6th ed., pp. 1-17). Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- 4) Longnecker, D. E., Brown, D. L., Newman, M. F., & Zapol, W. M. (2017). Chapter
  5: Coexisting Disease. In Anesthesiology (3rd ed., pp. 93-109). McGraw-Hill Education.
- Pino, R. M., Aliaga, L., & Cassorla, L. (2016). Coexisting Disease: The Pediatric Patient. In Anesthesia and Perioperative Care for Organ Transplantation (1st ed., pp. 57-69).

#### Semester 4th

# Course Title: Introduction to Operation Theatre Technology Course Code: BVT401

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

# LearningOutcomes: Aftercompletionofthiscourse, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Recognize the general principles and preventive maintenance for normal delivery and caes arian delivery.
- 2. Must follow up of pregnancy.
- 3. Departmentstaffingandorganizations;recordsrelating to

child born in hospital and complete the documentation.

4. Comprehend the general principles and preventive maintenanceforMedicalterminationofpregnancy

# Course Contents UNIT-I Introduction to Operation Theatre Management

Definition of Operation Theatre (O.T.) Management of Operation Theatre Single and Multiple Theatre Units Advantages and Disadvantages of Different Theatre Configurations Ambulatory Surgery: Overview and Applications Applications of Operation Theatre in Various Medical Procedures

# UNIT-II Operation Theatre Techniques and Hygiene Practices 15Hours

Operation Theatre Environment: Setup and Maintenance Infection Control Protocols in the Operation Theatre Scrubbing Techniques and Procedures Theatre Clothing: Disposable Gown, Gloves, Cap, Goggles Use of Disposable Towels and Sheets in the Theatre

# UNIT-III Sterilization and Disinfection Techniques in the Operation Theatre 15 Hours

Definition and Importance of Disinfectants and Sterilization Cleaning Agents and Detergents: Types and Uses Mechanical Washing and Ultrasonic Cleaning Inspection, Lubrication, and Common Pitfalls in Sterilization Sterilization Procedures for Specialized Equipment: Arthroscopy, Gastro Scope, Imaging Lamp, Suction Apparatus

#### **UNIT-IV Chemical and Physical Sterilization Methods in the Operation Theatre 15 Hours**

Chemical Treatments: Formalin, Glutaraldehyde, and Thermal Methods Hot Air Oven and Dry Heat Sterilization Autoclaving and Steam Sterilization Water-Based Sterilization Techniques UV Treatment for Sterilization

# **Transactionalmodes**

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

# SuggestedReadings:

- LeeSynopsisLeesynopsis MRogan Medical surgical -Brunner & SiddharthOrtho-Lippincctt
- OBG/GYN-D.C.Dutta
- Berry&Kohnis-BerryandKohnisOperatingRAMTechnique

# **Course Name: Applied Pharmacology**

**Relatedto Anesthesia Technology** 

# **Course Code: BVT402**

# **TotalHours:30**

Т Р

L 3 0 0 3

Cr

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. AcquaintanceaboutallICUandOperationtheatremachines.
- 2. Recognize the uses of instruments which are used in OT, ICU, and CCU.
- 3. CareandmaintenanceofalldevicesinOT.
- 4. Acquirecare, maintenance and operational capabilities of beds, lights and other apparatus.

# **CourseContents** UNIT-I: Pharmacological Agents in Anesthesia and Sedation

Antisialagogues: Atropine, Glycopyrrolate

Sedatives and Anxiolytics: Diazepam, Phenergan, Lorazepam

Narcotics: Morphine, Pethidine, Methoclopramide, Ondansetron

Induction Agents: Barbiturates (Thiopental),

Benzodiazepines (Diazepam, Midazolam), Phencyclidine

(Ketamine), Propofol

# UNIT-II : Pharmacological Agents in Anesthesia and Sedation

Muscle Relaxants Narcotics Inhalational Gases and Agents Reversal Agents Local Anesthetics UNIT-III : Emergency and Cardiovascular Drugs in Anesthesia and Critical Care

Emergency Drugs Ionotropes Cardiovascular Drugs Respiratory System Renal System Obstetrics

#### **UNIT- Fluids and Analgesic**

Fluids

Non-Steroidal Anti-Inflammatory Drugs (NSAIDs s

#### Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### SuggestedReadings:

- Ranjit, S. (2010). Manual of Pediatric Emergencies & Critica l Care. Paras.
- Spuntarelli, V., Luciani,M., Bentivegna,E., Marini,V.,
- Falangone, F., Conforti, G., & Martelletti, P. (2020).
  McLean, S.F. (2016). Case-based learning and its application in
- medical and health-care fields: a review of worldwide literature.
- JournalofMedicalEducationandCurricularDevelopment,3,JMECD -S20377.

#### CourseName: : Health Care Management Course Code: BVT403 Total Hours: 30

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Realizethegeneralprinciplesandpreventivemaintenance for normal delivery and cesarean delivery.
- 2. Must know about routine testing and devaluation of results of routinetesting for followup of pregnancy.
- 3. Department staffing and organizations; records relating to child born inhospitalandcompletethedocumentation.
- 4. Recognize the general principles and preventive maintenance

#### Course Content UNIT I Health Care Systems and Policy

Concept of Health Care and Health Policy Framework for Health Policy Development Health Organization Health Care System in Public Sector Organizations

# **Unit II: Fundamentals of Health Economics**

Health Policy National Health Programs Evaluation of Health Programs Medical Education and Health Manpower Development

# **Unit III: Health Policy and National Health Programs**

Economics Fundamentals Health Investment Economic Development and Health Economics of Health Services

# Unit IV Health Policy and National Health Programs

Economic Evaluation Methods Household and Health Health Expenditure Government and Insurance

# SuggestedReadings:

- LeeSynopsisLeesynopsisMRogan
- Medicalsurgical-Brunner&SiddharthOrtho-Lippincctt
- OBG/GYN–D.C.Dutta

# CourseName:Introduction of Operation Theatre Technology – Practical Course Code: BVT404

L	Т	Ρ	Cr	
0	0	4	2	

# **Total Hours:**

60 LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Maintain the electronic clinical record and prescribing systemand drugstiming.
- 2. Provideelectronicautomaticcoding,recoveryprogress,activ ity analysis.
- 3. Manage financial analysis, identification of staff, and allrecord of patients.
- 4. Find out engineering aspects of operation theatre equipment, powersupplies,CVT,servostabilizers,and upsetc.

# Course Contents Experiments

# **UNIT-I : Basics of Operation Theatre Setup**

# Practicalexercisesinsettingupandmanaginganoperationtheatre,inclu ding

understandingthelayout,equipmentplacement,andpreparationoftheenvir onment. **15Hours** 

# **UNIT-II Sterilization and Infection Control**

Hands-on practice in the sterilization of instruments and equipment using various methods such as autoclaving and chemical treatments.

# **UNIT-III Operation Theatre Equipment Handling**

Practical training on the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of essential theatre equipment like suction devices, electrocautery, and lighting systems.and emergency

# **UNIT-IV Theatre Protocols and Procedures**

Practical application of theatre protocols including infection control practices, proper scrubbing techniques, and the use of personal protective equipment (PPE).

# Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### SuggestedReadings:

• *El*-

Hindy,N.,Johnston,R.L.,Jayscock,P.,Eke,T.,Braga, A. J., Tole, D. M., & Sparrow, J. M. (2009). The Cataract National Dataset Electronic Multi-centre Audit of 55 567 operations: anaesthetic techniques and complications. Eye

• Sanborn, K. V., Castro, J., Kuroda, M., &Thys, D. M. (1996). Detection of intraoperative incidents by electronic scanning of computerized anaesthesia records: comparison with voluntary reporting. The Journal of the American Society of AnaesthesiologistsBaddour, L. M., Epstein,

# CourseTitle:Applied Pharmacology Related to Anesthesia Technology – Practical CourseCode:BVT405

L	Τ	Р	Cr
0	0	4	2

#### TotalHours:45

LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- **1.** Interact with the patients and health care professionals in working area.
- 2. HandleLegalResponsibilities,Patientsafetyandquality
- 3. Manage Biomedicalwaste generatedfromhospitalor
- 4. MaintainMedicalrecords and reportspreparation.

#### CourseContents UNIT-I: Anesthetic Drug Preparation and Administration

Practical exercises in preparing and administering various anesthetic agents including local anesthetic, intravenous induction agents, and muscle relaxants

# **UNIT-II: Monitoring and Documentation**

Hands-on training in monitoring patient responses to anesthesia, including vital signs, drug effects, and documentation of anesthetic administration.

# **UNIT-III: Emergency Drug Management**

Practical drills in the preparation and use of emergency drugs such as adrenaline, naloxone, and reversal agents during critical situations.

# Unit IV: Handling and Safety Protocols for Anesthetic Drugs

Practical sessions on the safe handling, storage, and disposal of anesthetic drugs, including compliance with safety protocols and regulations.

# Transactionalmodes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

# SuggestedReadings:

- Beauchamp,T.L.,Childress,J.F.,&Principles,B.H.(2019).Principles ofBiomedicalEthics(8thed.).OxfordUniversityPress.
- Devettere, R. J.(2012). Practical Decision Making in Health Care Ethics: Cases, Concepts, and the Virtue of Prudence (3rd ed.). Georgetown University Press.
- Lo, B., & Field, M. J. (Eds.). (2009). Conflict of Interest in Medical

Research, Education, and Practice. National Academies Press.

- Pellegrino, E. D., &Thomasma, D. C. (2017). The Philosophy of Medicine Reborn: A Pellegrino Reader. University of Notre Dame Press.
- Crowley, M., & Lodge, A. (2018). Medicine, Ethics, and the Law: The Core Curriculum (2nd ed.). Churchill Livingstone.

# **Course Title: HealthCareManagement-Practical**

L	Τ	Р	Cr
0	0	4	2

# CourseCode: BVP406

# **TotalHours:45**

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the

# learnerwillbeableto:

- 1. Learn the application of anesthetic medications in Various Heartdiseases.
- 2. Understand Respiratory diseases such as Chronic Obstructive PulmonaryDiseaseandAcute
- 3. UnderstandRespiratoryFailureinrenaldiseases,diseasesof LiverandendocrinedisordersandInmetabolicDiseases
- 4. Apply the knowledge related to drugs, calculations of anesthetic medications in different cardiovascular, respiratory and renal diseases.

# CourseContents

**UNIT- I : Basics of Operation Theatre Setup** 

**10Hours** 

• Practical exercises in setting up and managing an operation theatre, including

understanding the layout, equipment placement, and preparation of the environment.

# **UNIT- II Sterilization and Infection Control** 11Hours

Practical training on the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of essential theatre equipment like suction devices, electrocautery, and lighting systems.

# **UNIT-III Operation Theatre Equipment Handling**
Practical training on the operation, maintenance, and troubleshooting of essential theatre equipment like suction devices, electrocautery, and lighting systems.

#### **Unit 4: Theatre Protocols and Procedures**

Practical **application** of theatre protocols including infection control practices, proper scrubbing techniques, and the use of personal protective equipment (PPE).

#### Transactionalmodes

Video basedteaching,Collaborativeteaching,Casebasedteaching, Question

# SuggestedReadings:

- GeorgeMathews:- Handbook MedicineLee Synosis: AnaethesiaHandbook.
- Stoelting, R. K., & Hillier, S. C. (2019). Anesthesia and Co-ExistingDisease(7thed.).Elsevier.
- Dripps,R.D.,&Eckenhoff, J.E. (2016). Introduction: ThePa tient with Systemic Disease. In Dripps/ Eckenhoff/ Vandam's Introduction to Anesthesia: The Principles of Safe Practice (6th ed., pp. 1-17). Lippincott Williams & Wilkins.
- Longnecker, D.E., Brown, D.L., Newman, M.F., & Zapol, W.M. (2017). Chapter 5: Coexisting Disease. In Anesthesiolog y(3rd ed., pp. 93-109). McGraw-HillEducation.

Pino, R. M., Aliaga, L., & Cassorla, L. (2016). Coexisting Disease: The Pediatric Patient. In Anesthesia and Perioperative Care for Organ Transplantation (1st ed., pp. 57-69). Springer

# Course Title –IV Course Code CodeBVT407

#### **Course Contents**

#### 1. Optimization of Sterilization Procedures in the Operation Theatre

- Objective: Evaluate and enhance the effectiveness of current sterilization practices and protocols.
- Tasks: Conduct a detailed review of existing sterilization methods, compare with best practices, and propose improvements. Include assessments of sterilization efficacy using biological indicators.

#### 2. Assessment of Infection Control Practices in the Operation

#### Theatre

- Objective: Analyze the current infection control measures and their impact on patient safety.
- Tasks: Perform an audit of infection control practices, identify areas for improvement, and develop a comprehensive plan to enhance infection control. Include staff training and protocol updates.

#### 3. Evaluation of Anesthesia Practices and Patient Outcomes

Objective: Investigate the relationship between different anesthesia techniques and patient outcomes in the operation theatre

• Tasks: Collect and analyze data on various anesthesia methods, monitor patient recovery and complications, and assess the effectiveness of different anesthesia protocols.

#### 4. Development and Implementation of a Comprehensive Operation Theatre Safety Checklist

- Objective: Create and implement a standardized safety checklist to ensure all critical aspects of operation theatre management are covered.
- Tasks: Design a detailed safety checklist based on current standards and best practices, test its effectiveness in different scenarios, and implement it across operation theatres.

Evaluate its impact on overall safety and efficiency

**Course Name: Professionalism and** 

Values

**Course Code: BVT408** 

L	Τ	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

#### **Total Hours: 45**

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Develop effective communication and interpersonal skills in professional contexts.
- 2. Relate critical thinking and decision-making skills to ethical challenges.
- 3. Cultivate personal values and ethical principles that align with professional standards.
- 4. Reflect on their own professional development and personal growth.

#### **Course Contents**

#### 9 Hours

Introduction to Professionalism and Ethics, Definition of

professionalism, Key attributes of a professional, Ethical principles and values, Professional Codes of Conduct and Standards

Overview of professional codes and standards in different fields (e.g., medicine, law, engineering), Analysis of code violations and their consequences, Comparison of different ethical frameworks

#### UNIT-II

Ethical Decision Making, Models of ethical decision making, Identifying ethical dilemmas, Strategies for resolving ethical conflicts, Communication and Interpersonal Skills

Effective verbal and non-verbal communication, Active listening and empathyProfessional etiquette and workplace relationships

### UNIT-III

#### **12 Hours**

Workplace Integrity and Accountability, Building trust and credibilityPersonal and professional integrity, Taking responsibility for actions and decisions, Ethical Leadership and Teamwork

Leadership styles and ethical leadership, Collaboration and teamworkethics, Managing ethical challenges within teams, Cultural issues in the healthcare environment

### UNIT-IV

#### **12 Hours**

Ethical Issues in Technology and Social Media, Privacy and data protection, Digital professionalism and online identity Ethical considerations in technology use, Professional Development and Lifelong Learning

Setting professional goals, Continuing education and professional growth, Reflective practice and self-assessment.

# Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

# Suggested Readings:

- Rokeach, M. (2008). Understanding human values.Simon and Schuster.Inglehart, R. F., Basanez, M., Basanez, M., & Moreno, A. (1998).
- Human values and beliefs: A cross-cultural sourcebook. University of Michigan Press. Kerruish, A. (1995).
- Basic h u m a n v a l u e s : The ethos for methodology. Journal of community & applied social psychology, 5(2), 121-143.

#### UNIT-I

### **12 Hours**

### Subject Title: Basic Procedures and Techniques

#### Subject Code: BVT409

L	Т	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

#### Total Hours: 45

# Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Know the use of various types of emergency drugs, their dosage and effects.
- 2. Understand the action of drugs on the neuromuscular system, cardiovascular system.
- 3. Application of Bicarbonate, calcium, potassium in patient care.
- 4. Understand the mode of action of pain killer drugs and their effects.

#### UNIT-I 10 Hours

I.V. Cannulation Sizes, Color Coding, Technique of I.V. cannulation Preparation of I.V. drip Types of fluids Precaution during IV cannulation Central Venous Catheterization and CVP • Role, Types, sizes, Locations Positions, Technique, Precautions Complications Arterial Cannulation Significance, Locations.

#### UNIT-II 15 Hours

Techniques Complications Types, sizes Intubation Technique of endotracheal intubation Insertion of SGADs (LMA, I -Gel etc) Cuff inflation and pressure difficult intubation kit Sellick maneuver, BURP Technique 5. Bandaging and Splinting Types of bandages and various techniques Scalp bandage, Figure of, Bandages of Eye Ear Splinting Techniques, Use of Splints / Crape Bandage Points, Emergency Tourniquet Drainage Pressure of Abscess

#### UNIT-III 10 Hours

Cleaning Incision, Drainage Bandaging. Foley Catheter

Types, sizes, Insertion Technique Sterile precautions. Nasogastric Tube Size, uses Techniques of Insertion. Face Masks & Airways, ETT, Laryngoscopes, CPR Types of masks: Open and closed Technique of holding Anesthesia mask Airways- Types, Sizes, insertion technique Laryngoscopes- Types, Parts

#### UNIT-IV Hours

Endotracheal tubes - Types, sizes, Specialized ETT, Double lumen tubes (DLT), bronchial blockers Supraglottic Airway Device (SGADs): Types, sizes Checking tube position, complications Difficult Intubation Trolley / Tray Types of Oxygen masks Basic CPR Protocol Drop Factor Drops per min, infusion rate calculation.

### Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### **Suggested Readings:**

- Smith, J. D. (2020). Basic Techniques in Photography. Photography Publishing.
- L. M. (2018). Essential Procedures in Surgical Nursing.
   Medical Publishing.
- Williams, R. S. (2021). Fundamentals of Painting: Techniques and Tools. Art Publishin

#### Semester5th

# Course Name: Concepts of Diseases & Techniques in Anesthesia

#### Course Code: BVP501 Hours: 60

LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- **1.** A primary purpose of the course is to know about uses of anesthetic instruments, anesthetic
- **2.** Procedure and anesthetic drugs in different medical conditions.
- **3.** know about uses of anesthetic instruments, anesthetic procedure
- 4. Elaborate anesthetic drugs in different medical conditions.

#### CourseContents

#### UNIT I Principles of Anesthesia

Historical Milestones in Anesthesia: First Successful Clinical Demonstration and Modern Era Balanced Anesthesia and Minimum Standards: Key Principles

and Practices Preoperative Preparation: Comprehensive Pre-Anesthetic Assessment and History Taking

#### UNIT II re-Anesthetic Assessments and Preparations

15Hours Patient Preparation: Informed Consent, NPO (Nil PerOs) Requirements Premedication: Advantages, Commonly Used Drugs, and Special Instructions Equipment and Drug Check: Machine Inspection, Emergency and Anesthetic Drugs Routine Investigations: Urine Analysis, ECG, Chest X-Ray

# UNIT IIIIntra-Operative Management and Postoperative Care

#### 15 Hours UNIT IV Anesthetic Complications and Considerations in Special Conditions 15 Hours

Minor and Major Complications: Nausea, Vomiting, Sore Throat, Laryngeal Granuloma, Neurological Complications, Awareness, Vascular Issues, Mortality, Causes of Death,

# L T P Cr 4 0 0 4

#### Total

History and 15Hours Cerebral Damage, Prevention

Anesthetic Considerations in Special ConditionsTransactional modes

# Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question

#### SuggestedReadings:

- Synopsisofmedical instruments&procedurebyJPBrothers.
- ShorttextbookofanesthesiabyJPBrothers.
- Textbook-AnesthesiavbyPramodKumar
- Equipment-Drugs-Waveforms-byJPBrother

L	Т	Ρ	Cr
4	0	0	4

# Course Name: Pital Products, Promotion, Sales & Public Relations

#### CourseCode:BVT502

### **TotalHours:60**

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Thepurposeofsterilizationanddisinfectionproceduresistopreventtra nsmission of microbes to
- 2. Patients. These standard precautions should be used in interaction with all patients because it is
- 3. Know whether any particular patient may be the reservoir of transmissiblebacteria, viruses, or othermicrobes.
- 4. Information about the purpose of sterilization and disinfection

procedures is to prevent transmission of microbest opatients.

#### CourseContents

# UNIT I Foundations of Marketing and Services Management 15Hours

Introduction to Marketing Service vs. Products Management of Service Management process Services Marketing Selecting appropriate tools for marketing

#### UNIT II Service Marketing Strategies and Implementation 15 Hour

Product Planning and Market Research Pricing and Distribution Promotion and Communication Physical Environment, Process, and People

#### UNIT III Market Analysis and Branding in Healthcare

**15Hours** 

Analyzing Markets and Buyer Behavior Branding of a Hospital Facility Brand image long term and short-term activities.

### UNIT IV : Marketing Strategies and Performance Evaluation in Healthcare 15 Hours

Other Marketing Routes for Health Care Units Marketing Strategies for Hospitals

# ${\bf Evaluating and Controlling Market Performance {\it Transactional modes}}$

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching,

# Question

# SuggestedReadings:

- KumarS.Textbookofmicrobiology.JPMedicalLtd;2012Sep30.
- DraugalisJR, Coons SJ, Plaza CM. Best practices for survey research reports: a synopsis for authors and reviewers. American journal of pharmaceutical education. 2008 Sep

CourseName:Trauma & Cardiao	L	Τ	Р	Cr
Coursemanne. I lauma de Carulac	4	0	0	4
Life Support Course			-	
Code: BVP503:				

# TotalHours:60

# LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

- 1. Toknow aboutgeneral anesthesia,indication,complicationsand management of patients throughout General Anesthesia.
- 2. Toknowledgeaboutgeneralanesthesia,indicationandcomplicatio ns during use.
- $3. \ To know about management of patients throughout General an esthesia.$
- 4. Elaborateanesthetic drugsandIndications& Contraindications

### CourseContents

# UNIT I Trauma Management and Life Support: Advanced Concepts 15 Hours

Basic Life Support (BLS) Triage Airway & Ventilator Management Shock Management Central & Peripheral Venous Access Thoracic Trauma

#### Abdominal Trauma UNIT II Advanced Trauma Care: Spine, Head, and Systemic Injuries c

**15 Hours** 

Spine and Spinal Cord Trauma Head Trauma Musculoskeletal Trauma Electrical Injuries Thermal Burns and Cold Injuries.

# UNIT III Trauma Management Across Populations and Techniques

**15 Hours** 

Pediatric Trauma Trauma in Pregnant Women Workshop: Basic Life Support (BLS) Workshop: Cervical Spine Immobilization Imaging Studies in Trauma

#### UNIT IV Advanced Cardiac Life Support Techniques and Algorithms 15 Hours Unit 4: Advanced Cardiac Life Support Techniques and Algorithms

#### and Ventilation

DrugsUsedinACLSandAEDUsageTransactionalmodes Basic Life Support (BLS) and Adult ECC Algorithms Ventricular Fibrillation and Pulseless Ventricular Tachycardia Algorithm Pulseless Electrical Activity (PEA) and Asystole Algorithm Bradycardia and Tachycardia Treatment Algorithms Hypotension, Shock, and Acute Myocardial Infarction Management Pediatric Advanced Life Support and Airway Management

# Defibrillation, Emergency Cardiac Pacing, and Techniques for Oxygenation

Videobasedteaching, Collaborativeteaching, Casebasedteaching,

# Question

# SuggestedReadings:

- G.Smith&A.R.Aitkenhead'sTextbookofAnaesthesiaELSEVIER
- AjayYadavShortTextbookof AnaesthesiaJaypeeBrothers.
- $\bullet \ An shulJain Essentials of Anaesthesia \& Critical CareJay pee Brothe$

Course	Name:	L	Τ	Ρ	Cr
	ConceptsofDiseases&TechniquesinAnest	0	0	2	4
hesia-(P1	actical)				
Course	CodeBVT504				
	Tot	al H	[ou	rs	:

### 30 LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,thelearn er will be able to:

- **1.** Aprimarypurposeofthe**course**istoknowaboutusesofanesthetic instruments, anesthetic
- 2. Aprimarypurposeofthecourseistoknowaboutusesofanesthetic
- 3. Analysisofanestheticinstruments, an esthetic procedure
- 4. Elaborateanestheticdrugsindifferentmedicalconditions.

# **UNIT IBasic Anesthesia Techniques**

Basic anesthesia techniques including induction, maintenance, and emergence. Application Transactional modes Video based teaching, Collaborativeteaching, Case based teaching,Question

# **UNIT II Disease-Specific Anesthesia Considerations**

Handling anesthesia for patients with cardiovascular, respiratory, and endocrine diseases.

# **UNIT III Advanced Anesthesia Equipment and Procedures**

Operation and troubleshooting of advanced anesthesia equipment and procedures, including emergency protocols

# **UNITIV Monitoring and Managing Anesthesia Complications**

Monitoring, identifying, and managing common anesthesia complications and adverse effects.

### SuggestedReadings:

- Synopsisofmedicalinstruments&procedurebyJPBrothersShorttex t book of anesthesia by JP Brothers.
- Textbook-Anesthesia byPramod Kumar Equipment-Drugs-Waveforms- by JP Brother

L	Т	Ρ	Cr
0	0	4	2

# Course Name Hospital Products Promotion Sales and Public Relations Practical

(Practical) Course Code: BVT505

### TotalHours:30 LearningOutcomes:Aftercompletionofthiscourse,the learner will be able to:

**1.** The purpose of sterilization and disinfection procedures is to prevent transmission of microbest opatients. These

**2.** Whetheranyparticularpatientmaybethereservoiroftransmissible bacteria, viruses, or other microbes.

**3.** Attainknowledgeaboutthepurposeofsterilizationanddisinfection proceduresistopreventtransmissionofmicrobestopatients.

**4.** Knowledge about the standard precautions should be used in interaction with all patients

- 1) Monitoring, identifying, and managing common anesthesia complications and adverse effects.
- 2) Creating and implementing a sales strategy for hospital products, including target market identification and sales pitch refinement
- 3) Developing and executing a public relations campaign, including writing press releases and managing media interactions
- 4) Analyzing the effectiveness of promotional activities and sales strategies through metrics and feedback, and adjusting tactics as needed.

1) .

# Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborativeteaching, Casebasedteaching, Question

# Suggested Readings:

- KumarS. Text book of microbiology .J PMedicalLtd;2012Sep30.
- DraugalisJR, Coons SJ, Plaza CM. Best practices for survey research reports: a synopsis for authors and reviewers.

American journal of pharmaceutical education. 2008 Sep 1;72(1)

# L T P Cr Course Name: Trauma & Cardiac Life Support -Practical

### **Course Code: BVT506**

# **TotalHours:3**

# O Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course ,the learner will be able to:

- **1**.Realize natural Resources and associated problems, use, and overexploitation.
- 2.Classify causes, effects control pollution, water pollution, soil pollution, marine pollution, and noise pollution
- **3.**Categories the concept of ecosystem, structure, and interrelationship of producers, consumers, and decomposers.
- **4.**Inspect sustainable development, problems related to energy, Water conservation, rainwater harvesting

### **Course Contents**

- 1) Demonstration and hands-on practice of Basic Life Support (BLS) procedures, including primary and secondary surveys for trauma assessment
- 2) Techniques for managing thoracic and abdominal trauma, including tension pneumothorax decompression and venous access
- 3) Application of the universal algorithm for adult emergency cardiovascular care (ECC), including ventricular fibrillation/pulseless ventricular tachycardia and bradycardia treatment.
- 4) Advanced techniques for hypotension management, acute myocardial infarction, pediatric advanced life support, and the use of defibrillation and emergency cardiac pacing

Advanced techniques for hypotension management, acute myocardial infarction, pediatric advanced life support, and the use of defibrillation and emergency cardiac pacing

#### Transactional model

Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question, ppt.

#### suggested reading:

- Chawla S., 2012. A Textbook of Environmental Studies, TataMcGrawHill, NewDelhi.
- Jadhav,H&Bhosale,V.M.,1995.Environmental ProtectionandLaws.HimalayaPub.House, New Delhi. Gadi R., Rattan,S.,2006.
- Environmental Studies, KATSON Books, New Delhi. McKinney, M.L. & School, R.M., 1996.
- Environmental Science Systems & Solutions, Webenhanced edition.WangerK.D.,1998.
- Environmental Management. W.B. Saunders Co. Philadelphia, USA

#### Course Name: Project-V Course Code: BVT507

#### **Course Contents**

#### 1. Development of an Anesthesia Protocol

Objective: Design a comprehensive protocol for anesthesia administration in a specific type of surgery (e.g., orthopedic, abdominal).

Components: Research on anesthesia techniques, drug selection, monitoring, and post- anesthesia care. Develop guidelines and create a training manual for staff.

#### **2: Infection Control Measures in Operation Theatres**

Objective: Evaluate and propose improvements for infection control practices in an operation theatre.

Components: Assess current infection control practices, analyze common sources of infection, and suggest protocols for cleaning, disinfection, and sterilization. Include a training module for staff.

#### **3 Enhancing Efficiency in Surgical Instrument Sterilization**

Objective: Develop strategies to improve the efficiency

and effectiveness of surgical instrument sterilization processes.

Components: Review current sterilization methods, identify bottlenecks, and propose new methods or technologies. Create a workflow chart and guidelines for implementing the new processes.

#### 4: Implementation of a New Technology in Operation Theatres

Objective: Assess the impact of integrating a new technology (e.g., robotic surgery, advanced imaging) in the operation theatre.

Components: Research the technology, evaluate its benefits and challenges, and develop an implementation plan including staff training and equipment maintenance.

#### 5: Patient and Staff Safety in the Operation Theatre

Objective: Investigate and enhance safety protocols for both patients and staff in the operation theatre. Components: Identify common safety issues, develop new safety protocols, and create a training program. Conduct a safety audit and propose improvements based on findings.

#### **6:** Postoperative Care and Patient Outcomes

Objective: Analyze the impact of postoperative care practices on patient recovery and outcomes

Components: Review current postoperative care protocols, assess patient outcomes, and propose recommendations for improving recovery times and reducing complications.

Include a plan for monitoring and evaluating the changes.

Course Name: Research Methodology Course Code: BOA508

L	Τ	Р	Cr
2	0	0	2

Total Hours: 30

Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

**1.** Prioritize the needs of research in the clinical field of Radiology.

2. Choose the appropriate research design and develop an appropriate research hypothesis for a research project.

3. Describe the appropriate statistical methods required for a particular research design

4. Develop an appropriate framework for research studies.

5. Develop the ability to apply the methods while working on a research project work

Course Contents

# UNIT-I 10Hours

Need for Research in the Field of Cardiology. Introduction to research methods, conducting a literature review, Research design, Sampling methods, Data collection and data collection tools, Data analysis: Quantitative and Qualitatively, Public health research, Issues in Research of research problems and writing research questions, Hypothesis, Null and Research Hypothesis, Type I and Type II errors in hypothesis testing

# UNIT-II 10 Hours

Introduction of Epidemiology: - Descriptive epidemiology, Experimental and non-experimental research designs, Screening, Sampling methods, Biological variability, and normal distribution.

Bias and Confounding, Association and causation, Odds ratio and relative risk, sensitivity and specificity Data collection methods-Observation method, Interview method, Questionnaires and schedules Construction,

#### UNIT-III 05 Hours

Introduction to Statistics, Classification of data, Source of data, Method of scaling - nominal, ordinal, ratio and interval scale, measuring reliability and validity of scales, Measures of Central tendency,

### UNIT-IV 05 Hours

Measures of Dispersion, Skewness and kurtosis, Sampling, Sample size determination, Introduction and method of collecting and presenting statistical data. Calculation and interpretation of various measures like mean, median, standard deviations, Skewness and Kurtosis, Probability distribution, Correlation and regression Significance tests and confidence intervals

Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question,pptx

Suggested Readings

Spiegel, M. R., Schiller, J. J., & Srinivasan,

R. A. (2013). Schaum's outline of probability and statistics.

McGraw-Hill Education Kothari, Chakravanti Rajagopalachari. Research methodology: Methods and techniques. New Age International, 2004.

Mahajan, B. K., &Lal, S. (1999). Methods in biostatistics for medical

students and research workers.Indian Journal of Community Medicine, 24(3),

L	Т	Р	Cr
3	0	0	3

### Course Name: Hematology & Blood Bank Course Code: BOA509

#### Total Hours: 45 pletion of this

Learning Outcomes: After successful completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Components, characteristics and function of human blood and to identify the principle of routine
- 2. Hematological tests including sources of error and clinical significance of results.
- 3. Study the components, characteristics and function of human blood.
- 4. Identify the principle of routine hematological tests including sources of error and clinical significance of results.

#### UNIT I Hours

Blood cells, Hemoglobin, Coagulation Factors, Immunoglobulin, Red Cell Antigen, Natural Antibodies, Rh System, Rh Antigens & Rh Antibodies, Antigen antibody reaction, Agglutination, Hem agglutination. Blood grouping techniques, Methods for ABO grouping, Slide & Tube Method, Difficulties in ABO grouping, Antiserum used in ABO test procedures, Anti –A, Anti B, Anti- AB, and Inheritance of the Blood groups.

# UNIT II

# Hours

Methods of blood collection, Anticoagulant- Definition, types of anticoagulant- (EDTA, Citrate, Oxalate, Heparin, sodium fluoride), mechanism of coagulation, Hemolysis of blood. Separation of serum & plasma, Criteria for blood specimen rejection, Changes in blood, Maintenance of specimen identification, Transportation of the blood, Storage of blood in blood bank, Universal precautions.

#### UNIT III

#### 05

#### 15

#### Hours

Bone Marrow, Cell composition of normal adult Bone marrow, Aspiration, Indication, Preparation & Staining, Basic Hematological Techniques. Characteristics of a good technician, Preparation of specimen collection material, Lab request form, Collection methods of bone marrow specimen, Indication and complications.

# UNIT IV

#### Hours

Blood Transfusion: Indications of blood transfusion, reactions of blood transfusion and precaution of blood transfusion. Blood Donation: Introduction, Blood donor requirements, Criteria for selection & rejection, Medical history & personal details, Selfexclusion, Health checks before donating blood, Blood collection packs, Anticoagulants, Instructions given to the donor after blood donation, Adverse donor reaction. Testing Donor Blood

#### Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question.

- Hoffbrand, A. V., Moss, P. A. H., & Pettit, J. E. (2019). EssentialHaematology (7th ed.). Wiley-Blackwell.
- Rodak, B. F., & Carr, J. H. (2016). Clinical Hematology Atlas (5th ed.). Elsevier.
- Harmening, D. M. (2019). Modern Blood Banking & Transfusion Practices(7th ed.). F.A. Davis Company.
- Rodak, B. F., Fritsma, G. A., & Keohane, E. M. (2018). Hematology: Clinical Principles and Applications (5th ed.). Elsevier.
- Turgeon, M. L. (2019). Clinical Hematologyand Fundamentals of Hemostasis (6th ed.). F.A. Davis Company.

Course Title: Health Care

**Course Code: BOA510** 

Total Hours:

45 Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Teach the measures of the health services and highquality health care
- 2. Recognize whether the health care delivery system is providing high- quality health care and whether quality is changing over time.
- 3. Provide to National Health Programme-Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations, in various National Heath Programme.
- 4. Introduce the AYUSH System of medicines.

#### **Course Contents**

#### UNIT-I

**05 Hours** 

Introduction to healthcare delivery system - Healthcare delivery system in India at primary, secondary and tertiary car; Community participation in healthcare delivery system; Health system in developed countries; Private / Govt. Sector;

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#### B.Voc. OT

### **10 Hours**

National Health Mission; National Health Policy; Issues in Health Care Delivery System in India Medicine -Introduction to Ayurveda; Yoga and Naturopathy; Unani; Siddha; Homeopathy; Need for integration of various system of medicine

# UNIT-III

National Health Programme- Background objectives, action plan, targets, operations, achievements and constraints in various National Heath Programme. Introduction to AYUSH system of Health Scenario of India- past, present and future Demography & Vital Statistics- Demography – its concept; Census & its impact on health policy Epidemiology - Principles of Epidemiology Natural History of disease.

# UNIT-IV

# 15 Hours

Methods of Epidemiological studies Epidemiology of communicable & non- communicable diseases, disease, and transmission, host defense immunizing agents, cold chain, immunization, disease, monitoring and surveillance.

#### UNIT-II

#### 15 Hours

# Transactional modes

Video based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question,

### **Suggested Readings**

- National Health Programs Of India National Policies and Legislations Related to Health: J. Kishore (Author)
- A Dictionary of Public Health Paperback by J Kishor
- Health System in India: Crisis & Alternatives, National Coordination Committee, Jan Swasthya AbhiyanIn search in Search of the Perfect Health SystemCentral Bureau of HealthIntelligence (1998). Health Information of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi.Goyal R. C. (1993).
- Handbook of Hospital Personal Management, Prentice Hall ofIndia, New

# Semester VI

: Course Anesthesia for Specialties- I

#### **Course Code BVT601**

**TotalHours:4** 

5

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

1. Teach the measures of the health services and highquality healthcare

- 2. Recognize whether the healthcare delivery system is providing high-quality healthcare and whether quality is changing over time.
- 3. Provide to National Health Programme-Background objectives, action plan, targets, and operations, in various National Health Programmes.
- 4. Introduce the AYUSH System of medicines.

# **Course Contents**

# UNIT-I Anesthesia for Specialties- I

NYHA Classification, Arrhythmias, Angina, Dyspnoea Premedication and Monitoring Systems (Invasive and Non-Invasive)

Preparation and Induction for Cardiac Anesthesia Post-Operative Care and ICU Management for Cardiac Patients;

# **UNIT-II: Neuro Anesthesia and Perioperative Care**

10 Hours

Anesthesia 15 Hours

Glasgow Coma Scale and Signs of Raised Intracranial Pressure (ICP) Premedication and Preoperative Checklist Induction, Positioning in Neurosurgery, and ICP Monitoring Management of Air Embolism and Transfer to ICU/Ward

#### UNIT-III Management in Trauma and Shock

Resuscitation Techniques Preoperative Investigation and Assessment Circulatory Management Anesthesia Techniques: Rapid Sequence Induction and Other Considerations

# **UNIT-IV Aesthetics in Music**

15 Hours

Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Basic Life Support (BLS) Advanced Cardiovascular Life Support (ACLS)

# Transactional model

**05 Hours** 

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Video-based teaching, Collaborative teaching, Case based teaching, Question,

### Suggested Readings

- National Health Programs Of India National Policies and Legislations Related to Health: J . Kishore(Author)
- A Dictionary of Public Health Paperback by J Kishor
- Health System in India: Crisis &Alternatives, National Coordination Committee, Jan Swasthy a Abhiyan In search In Search of the Perfect Health System Central Bureau of Health Intelligence (1998). Health Information of India, Ministry of Health and Family Welfare, New Delhi. Goyal R. C. (1993).
- Handbook of Hospital Personal Management, Prentice Hall of India, New

#### **Course Title Anesthesia**

#### for Specialties- II

**Course Code: BVT602** 

#### **Course Contents**

#### UNIT-I Obstetric Anesthesia and Management 05 Hours

Differences between a pregnant and a normal lady Risks for Anesthesia Precautions to be taken Check list Regional vs. General Anesthesia Induction/Maintenance

### UNIT-II Obstetric Anesthesia and Neonatal Resuscitation 05 Hours

Resuscitation of the newborn APGAR score Reversal and extubation Emergencies: Manual removal of placenta, A.P.H., P.P.H., Ruptured uterus, Ectopic pregnancy Labor and Epidural analgesia

#### **UNIT-III: Pediatric Anesthesia: Procedures and Considerations**

#### **05 Hours**

Theatre setting and checklist Premedication and induction Intubation and securing the ETT Monitoring, reversal, and extubation challenges Transferring to ICU management and pain management

#### **UNIT-III: Pediatric Anesthesia: Procedures and Considerations**

#### **05 Hours**

Theatre setting and checklist Premedication and induction Intubation and securing the ETT Monitoring, reversal, and extubation challenges Transferring to ICU management and pain management

#### UNIT-III: Day Care Anesthesia and Anesthesia in Non-Operating Room Settings 05 Hours

Day Care Anesthesia: Special features, setup, advantages, disadvantages, complications, and future prospects Anesthesia Outside the O.R.: Situations and settings, including Cath lab, radiology and imaging, natural calamities, and E.C.T.

Features and challenges of anesthesia in non-operating room environments

Complications and considerations in these settings

#### **Course Title Research**

Methodology &

**Biostatistics** 

**Course Code: BVT603** 

#### Hours

Definition and purposes of research, and the need for research

Concepts of research: Objectives, motivation, and types of research approaches

Research process, flow, and the scientific method Defining and selecting a research problem, problem statement, objectives, hypothesis, and criteria for good research

#### **UNITII-Introduction to Biostatistics and Data AnalysiT15 Hours**

Introduction to Biostatistics and Sampling Statistical Significance and Correlation Sample Size Determination Statistics Presentation: Classification, Frequency Distribution, and Diagrammatic Representation Measures of Central Tendency and Dispersion Non-Parametric

#### UNITIII-: Research Design and Data Collection Methods15 Hours

Principles, need, and features of a good research design; different research designs and strategies Basic and applied research; quantitative research Sampling: Sampling frame, design, and techniques

Methods of data collection: Classification, validity, and reliability of measuring instruments

#### UNITIV-Qualitative Research Methods and Data Analysis15 Hours

Overview of qualitative research methods Data analysis: Condensing and analyzing data using descriptive and inferential statistics Construction of a research proposal Mechanics of report writing

B.Voc. OT

# : Course Anesthesia for Specialties- I Practical

# **Course Code BVT604**

#### **Course Contents**

#### **Unit 1: Basics of Anesthesia Administration**

Introduction to Anesthesia Techniques: Practice basic administration techniques, including setup and monitoring for various anesthesia Types

# Unit II: Anesthesia in Cardiac Procedures

Cardiac Anesthesia Procedures: Perform anesthesia management for cardiac cases, focusing on monitoring and patient care during induction and maintenance

#### Unit III: Neuro Anesthesia Management

Neuro Anesthesia Protocols: Conduct practical exercises in neuro anesthesia, including patient positioning, monitoring intracranial pressure, and emergency response.

# Unit IV: Pediatric and Obstetric Anesthesia

Specialized Anesthesia for Pediatric and Obstetric Cases: Implement anesthesia techniques specific to pediatric and obstetric patients, including resuscitation and managing complications

# Course Anesthesia for Specialties- II Practical

# **Course Code BVTCO-622**

#### Course Contents Unit 1: Anesthesia in Trauma and Emergency Situations

Trauma and Emergency Anesthesia: Practice managing anesthesia for trauma cases, including rapid sequence induction and emergency resuscitation techniques.

# Unit II: Anesthesia for Day Care and Outpatient Procedures

Day Care and Outpatient Anesthesia: Execute anesthesia procedures for daycare and outpatient surgeries, focusing on quick recovery and discharge planning.

# **Unit III: Anesthesia for Special Conditions**

Special Conditions Anesthesia: Apply anesthesia techniques for patients with unique conditions such as obesity, endocrine disorders, or complex medical histories

# **Unit IV: Advanced Anesthesia Techniques and Monitoring**

Advanced Techniques and Monitoring: Implement advanced anesthesia methods and monitoring systems, including intraoperative adjustments and management of complex cases.

### **Course Clinical Posting (Orientation)**

### **Course Code BVT605**

#### **Course Contents**

#### **Unit1: Introduction to Clinical Environments**

Clinical Environment Overview: Familiarize with hospital layout, departments, and staff roles.

#### **Unit II: Patient Interaction and Communication**

Patient Interaction Skills: Practice effective communication, patient assessment, and empathetic care. **Unit III: Clinical Procedures and Documentation** 

Procedure Familiarization: Observe and assist in common clinical procedures and understand documentation practices

### **Unit IV: Safety Protocols and Emergency Procedures**

Safety and Emergency Protocols: Learn and apply safety standards, emergency response protocols, and infection control measures.

# **Course Project -VI**

#### **Course Code BVT624**

#### **Course Contents**

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Prepare and maintain Operation Theatre as well as patients before surgery.
- 2. Maintainasterilefieldandtheatreequipmentandfollowin fectioncontrolpolicies.
- 3. Manage hazardous waste and follow biomedical waste disposal protocols.
- 4. Demonstrate skills and knowledge of getting assistance from an esthetician handling emergencies.

#### Developing a Comprehensive Infection Control Protocol for Operation Theatres

Objective: Create a detailed infection control plan tailored for the operation theatre, including protocols for sterilization, disinfection, and handling of infectious materials.

Tasks:

Research and review current infection control practices.

Design protocols for different types of surgeries and scenarios.

Implement and evaluate the protocol in a simulated or real environment.

#### Analysis of Postoperative Care and Its Impact on Patient Recovery

Objective: Investigate how various postoperative care practices affect patient recovery times and outcomes. Tasks:

Conduct a literature review on postoperative care techniques.

Collect and analyze data on patient recovery metrics.

Develop recommendations for optimizing postoperative care practices.

#### Assessment of Anesthesia Management Techniques in Various Surgical Procedures

Objective: Evaluate the effectiveness and safety of different anesthesia techniques used in a range of surgical procedures. Tasks:

Review literature on anesthesia methods and their applications Observe and document anesthesia practices in different surgeries. Analyze outcomes and propose improvements or best practices.

#### Designing and Implementing a Training Program for Operation Theatre Staff

Objective: Create a training program aimed at improving the skills and knowledge of operation theatre staff.

Identify key areas for staff development. Develop training materials and sessions. Conduct training and evaluate its effectiveness through feedback and performance metrics.

# **Evaluation of Patient Safety Measures in the Operation Theatre**

**Objective:** Assess the current safety measures in place in the operation theatre and propose enhancements to improve patient safety.

#### **Tasks:**

Review existing safety protocols and measures. Conduct surveys or interviews with staff and patients. Analyze data and recommend improvements based on findings

# Course Title: Training/Internship report

#### **Course Code: BOA606**

# Learning Outcomes: After completion of this course, the learner will be able to:

- 1. Prepare and maintain Operation Theatre as well as patients before surgery.
- 2. Maintain a sterile field and theatre equipment and follow infection control policies.
- 3. Manage hazardous waste and follow biomedical waste disposal protocols.
- 4. Demonstrate skills and knowledge to assist anesthetist in handling emergencies.

#### **Training Report**

Students have to carry out a Training Report (on any topic related to operation theatre technology) under the supervision of a Surgeon and Doctor. The training report has to be prepared on the basis of the research work carried out. The assessment is done on the basis of the work done and the presentation and viva.

B.Voc. OT